incs written for the first of May, 1824.

The mora is penging a 'er the lawn,
The birds are singing a 'er the lawn,
Come, let us be besser.
By the light if the nous,
Whilst the whippourwill char,
I con the deart drear,
Long this behavior of the help of the series of t

lange bishely in fair to view.
The yield town is fair to view.
The printens bissons with fragrance new, As the early hour.
As this early hour.
Open it is caps to be morning daw.
Then away let ut steet.
Go the mondous clear,
To meet the morn on the hills, my dear.

To meet the more on me, may meet.

The breeze picy light through the forest scene,
The loss fands were their livery green,
And the fisher glule,
And the fisher glule,
That runs is showery bonks between;
Come, nothing as there
Thou faced at of fear;
Harts—laste with me o'er the mead, my dear.

Hatte-daste with me o'c time.

Borne on the zephyry wings of the morn,
The biythe bee mousts his thrailing horn.
That coght to be extra for the were
That coght to be extra for the day worn:
Then hatten thee here.
Which I'm waiting hear,
To erown thee—Qugen of May—my Dear.
FITZ EUSTACE.

FOR THE SATURDAY BYESING POST. ADDRESS TO MAY.

Hail lovely May, fairest daughter of Spring, Jean thy course, are one senation diang. Jean thy course, are one senation diang. Thy freegrant flowers, (eachter's here and there), Try freegrant flowers, (eachter's here and there), Try freegrant flowers, to the attumphere. One came thou Goodless of celested lairth, And the groupous the bioasons crown that the Art by approach the bioasons crown the trace, And frong their adours to the passing hereze; All mature freels and owns thy genul away; Ad mature growts thee—smalling virgin May; Oh! walk from Grit here plants and vasiles low, Oh! walk from Grit here plants and vasiles low, Oh! cown the sides of brooks that gently flow, Whis fairest flowers, that and their heads to drial And sevel of the exhibitanting brink; Where wanton asply; "unmodested stray, On silken wings to walt there awerts away! Oh! with Cere walk thou o'er the plants, To case the weary labourer of his pains; Oh, give fertilisty to the barren sale. Oh, make the hind rejoice beneath his toil, Thous—lovey May! Lairest of the three, Thou, amiling Goodless of fertility—Clothe the vales with fragrant flowers over, And fan the acplyin with a gentle shower. In grees ownnow where thy works or even, They bound the eyes a level space of green. There fleecy tries the lambhum op and play, And gambol in thy macry morne, Earth! The cone, thou Godden of electial bird.

FOR THE SATURDAY EVENIES POST. MIRTH.

Come rosy mirch,
Of menocless worth,
all thy smiling graces come;
Haste! baste to me,
On car of give,
out thee, life is wearisome.

With cloudless brow, Approach; et thou, In bioming, vernal, fetters bound; No chaus of eare, Are pendant there, And gladness through thy train resound.

For peace is thine.
Thou nymph divine,
Thy winning charms of garety,
With suiles of love,
Forever rore.
Through regions of variety.

Then haste again, With joyous train, And let my beart with rapture greet, the mailing names.

Thy miling power, From rasy bower, And every worthless care defeat. Yes—lovely mirth, Of nameless worth, With all thy winning graces come; Haste, haste to tae, On car of glee, Without thee life is wearisome.

VOR THE SATURDAY EVENING POST STANZAS.

Oh! father, I'll tell you, and news you will hear, the flower until now did at hear.) On flower until now did at hear.) I have now hast year, which I nure'd with such patience and case: In the down that flower, Oh! I gard with delight, for the down that flower, Oh! I gard with delight, for elew as I willing to leave it at night, when to bed you desir'd me to go."

Twas the first that appear'd, and I little did think It would leave its own deer parent stem, for yet from the buds which grew near it would shrink, When so young-but it even left them: When so young—but it even left them: Then say, will the bads that at present rem. Thus bloom, and then wither away?
Or, will they not always their beauty retain, And not fall like my rose to decay?"

"Ah! no-my dear child, they may bloom fresh indeed,
And seatter their perfume around;
But the roughs sweeping wand is consing with speed,
And will sevel them all to the ground;
Now gather the leaves 1, though finded and dead,
tot devoid of all heau 1, you'll find,
That although every spark of virialry's field,
Their fraggrance yet lingers behind.

"And thus, with thy childhood's young bad it may be, It may bloom like thy favourite rose, With others in sweetness and lore-lines vie, And its virtues and charms may disclose—But age, with ring age comes on creeping apose, And its fell blast so dreary and bleak.

Thy torus will direct of ceach mantiling grace, And blanch the sweet blush of thy check.

Then, live so, that when thou are laid in the tumb, And thy exact of the viciness part. When the you would be turned to the control of the viciness part. When the year youghts he heat the too longer shall bloom, they struck forever shall hand—how entern to they reacters, and young as thou art. On reflection thou clearly wift see. I have been a considered to the control of the co

USE.

FOR THE SATURDAY EVENING POST.

To 8—Mare flown, where the work have flown, which chain to memory a parting zone; you have flown him for the three far its level; ranking be medial. It was a flash, my posing and pule. It was a flash, my posing and pule at the statisfies on the coid ingulate mill. But, fine the coid need of form fower's sight, And ladt, the boson's warment care. I have says have a vanish of form fower's sight, And ladt, the boson's warment care as the first level. And why this change—where hearts a crus mill to fove in nost, what eyes survey it? I have to the compared there. And why this change—where hearts a crus mill to fove in nost, what eyes survey it? I have the coid needed, or sectors, highly it they soung blossons o'er 't was born'? We in the the what if flancies we cet? I was to the the what if flancies we cet it is the survey of careful and pump, and, state if the flancies of careful and the survey is in carriers blooms, a survey is in a carriers bloom, and the flancies of careful and the careful and th To 8- M-

POR THE SATURDAY RYRHING POST. Valley of Death-Inscribed to Ellen.

Valley of Death! that name how drebd, flow much we fear that valle to tread; flow much we start that valle to tread; flow much we strive that path to shan, Yet find at length it can't be done; How fiy we all to homan pow?
To lengthete out the inving hour; flow much distiller to heave this sphere, Yet know that grief a waits an here.

Yelley of Death! how sweet that sound,
How fair that path to peese profitured;
Oh, how divine! that Heavenly way
That opes the guiden gates of day,
Where Jens, our biest Savious's gone,
And boks us tay our burdens de'un;
That path that hade to Henconly once,
And realms of everfacing peese,
pun, Delaware county. BRANDYWINE BARD.

The following beautiful Lines are copied from the Ci-nari Advertiser. They are worthy a place along with productions of Pereiral and Brouks, and it will affined no agratification to a number of our renders, to know they from an admired pact, who has frequently favoured us, at the signature of D.

SONG .- Tune - Hail to the Chief. SONG.—Tune—First to the Cone;
Hail to the even-green like of the accan,
Long may it flourish the gen of the sea;
Bent vy heart here with patries concion.

Bent vi heart he re with patries concion.

Bent vi he his honour'd name,
Long may the his honour'd name,
Which Erin once tireld in glory now fled;
Still in each patriot breast,
In all its pride confessit,
Barning in splendour o'cr millions yet spread!

Barning in spicendour e or national yet aprenaAnt b di to the hight-resulting day, when our island
librat use in log might like the storm on the wave,
when it was the spice of the storm on the wave,
when it was the spice of the bears of the brave:
La to the coming day.
When in the battle fray,
The genium of freedom each noul shall isopire,
when ev'ry heart shall be,
Glowing with library,
Each eye be illum'd with liberty's fire!

And hail to the bright op'ning dawn of that nation, Columbia! the land where dear liberty reigns, Columbia! the land where dear liberty reigns.
Of mations exalted, the proudest in station,
Where the freeman deplores, but is freed from his chains
Lining may it flourish free;
Bright he its destiny;
The become of free don to lighten the world,
Erin yet eatch the beam,
O'er her in spleudour stream,
And her 'oun-hurst' is glory be proudly unfurled!

. The funciful name of the ancient Irish standard.

THE MORALIST.

Mercy is one of the most amiable and Godlike of all the Christian virtues being that temper and disposition by which we, in a most eminent degree, resemble, and bear the image of the blessed God, as exhibited in his Son, Christ Jesus, who forgave us ten thousand talents, and who is merciful, even to the evil and unthankful. It is written for our instruction, that they " shall have judgment without mercy. who shew no mercy"—" with the merciful, God will show himself merciful; and blessed are the merciful, for they shall obtain the mercy of God."

Though our mercy, to be truly Christian, must be as extensive as the race of man, yet will it be shewn, in the first instance, and in the most conspicuous manner, to those whom God and nature have connected most intimately with us-to our families, our relatives and friends: For, t would be but mockery and deceit, and not mercy, to pity and assist strangers while those of our own household, kindred and friends, are disregarded and in mi-

Our Christian brethren, likewise, those of the household of the faithful, claim p culiar part in our "bowels of mercy. If one member suffer, all should suffer with it; hence are we to bear one another's burdens, and so fulfil the law of Christ. But, at the same time, we are not to overlook, in our mercy, our unrepentant brethren-those who are yet in the bondage of sin, and in the gall of bitterness. They constitute proper objects and sure tests of a merciful disposition; their state and condition is one in the highest degree miserable, and which loudly demands our pity. They are our fellow creatures; they are children of the same common Father; they are our neighbours, whom we are called upon to love even as ourselves. It may, therefore, be depended upon, that those who have no pity for sinners, but who despise, contemn and hate them, extending ot towards them the offices of strangers to Christian mercy.

A merciful disposition shines forth with greatest lustre and advantage, when it pities and forgives, as it is wont to do, those who, by injurious treatment to ourselves, are wholly at our mercy, and upon whom we have it fully in our power to satiate our revenge, and when we may do so even un-der the colour of justice. This is, indeed, Godlike mercy; and, unless we do practise it, we know that we have not forgive-

ness from our heavenly father. It belongs, however, to Christian wisdom and prudence, to judge as to the manner in which such acts of mercy are to be extended. That lenity which would prompt us to give up our rights on all occasions to lawless men, is not mercy, but would often lead to mischievous consequences; it would often tend to harden sinners in their vices, and embolden them to treat others as they have done us, with hopes of impunity. By forgiving a man who attempts my life, I may be accessary to the murder of another; by pardoning and giving liberty to the robber whom I have caught breaking into my house, and stealing my goods, I embolden him to rob my neighbour. Nor is it in all cases proper nor prudent for a man to forgive personal injuries, without inflicting salutary and legal punishment. Acts of lenity and mercy to offenders should always consist with a proper concern for the public good and our own personal safety. Christian mercy, notwithstanding, exercises pity towards the authors of injuries, labours for their repentance, and joys in the hope of their future and eternal welfare. It will never admit off. Another used to come to my father's house of exactly nor recent against an officialer. to offenders should always consist with a

If his crime will admit of it, it is willing to forgive, upon proper marks of repen-tance. If punishment be absolutely ne-cessary, it would have it to be of the mildest and most gentle nature that circumstances will admit of, and abhors to employ any punishment which has not for object the security of society and the reformation of the criminal, having nothing at heart but the interest of society, honour and justice, and, like God, taking

no pleasure in the minery of sinners!

Ample room is also afforded for the display of mercy in the exaction of debts. If the debtor is fallen into poverty by acci-dents or misfortune, it will bear with him, if able; or, if able, and circumstances allow will remit part, or even the whole of the debt; or, if he be even bankrupt by his own faults, and, therefore, justly deserves to suffer, yet, it will consider the circumstances of his innocent family and counexions. and will remit what it can on this behalf.

It need scarce be added here, that a mer ciful disposition is one of the most amiable and endearing accomplishments in man, and stands the fairest chance of rendering him universally beloved by his fellow creatures.

Let us then " as the elect of God, holy and beloved, put on bowels of mercy !"

Por the Benefit of rural 'Squires, Academics' Smarts, Military Petits Maitres, Jemmy Cits, Co-quetish old Ladies, and gallanting old Beaux, Will shortly be Published,

BODILY COMPLIMENTS;

A Treatise on ull kinds of Congress, Curtaies, Bown Scrupes, Cringes, Claps, Caresses, Ge. Gc. 1st. Observations and Criticisms on all the forms of corporal obeisance now in vogue at eve-

y assembly.
2d. Reflections on hugs, &c.

A Dissertation on smiles, simpers, ogles, 4th. Animadversions on the modern use of the

4th. Animadversions on the modern use of the fan, sword, and souff box.

5th. Remarks on the talents of some of the most debonair beaux and belles of the age.

6th. A dissuasive against all obsequious formalities at Church, between gentlemen and ladies, of whatever denomination, shewing them to be egregiously absurd and impertinent.

7th. Proposals for the better regulation of that ever fashionable ceremony—the kiss.

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9th. General directions for the graceful adjustment of the limbs, upon all accasions.

ent of the limbs, upon all a casions. With several other various particulars,

N. B. The whole is to be illustrated with variety of copper-plates, representing the variou positions, postures, and attitudes, becoming a proficient in this polite faculty.

BACHELOR'S BLUNDERS.

BACHELOR'S BLUNDERS.

I will not venture to assert, Messrs. Printers, that I have always been in the right. On the contrary I do not believe there is a single bit of isfallibility about me. I have aimed through a life of no inconsiderable length, and marked by not a few vicissitudes, to do the best I could for myself and others, and if I have failed, the error has been of the head not of the head not of the head not of the head not of

and others, and if I have failed, the error has been of the head not of the heart. It can scarcely be called a singularity not to have been married. My looking-glass tells me, as far as I am competent to judge, I possess a good regular set of features, a moderately delicate form, and my mother used to say, I had quite as much wit rainly of the Pinch family; all these matters I have kent as writtles of most relicion for the proper selicion for the proper seli any of the Pinch family; all these matters I have kept as articles of most religious faith; and in re-viewing my past life, in their light I can never bring myself to allow that any thing but my own individual flat and the sober agency of my judg-ment, caused the final issue of all my social tilts with the gentlemen, which for number, equal those which the oldest bachelor in the country

In our town of Harrowich we had a fashion when I was a girl, of courting by moonlight to the sound of jingling sleigh bells, and behind a pair of spirited bays. I loved a sprightly jockey of a fellow once, but he spoiled all by driving me to the cross roads one evening with the horse all the way on a gallop, something whispered in my ear a couplet of the old ballad,

A man that drives his howee band.

A man that drives his horses hard,

May chance to drive his wife.

I was 'not at home' the next time he called, nd as he saw me at the window he took th

I chose never to keep a man in suspense I chose never to keep a man in suspense an hour after I had determined not to have bim for a husband, if he offered himself. I made my calculations according to my own ideas of propriety in their general be haviour. One came to see me constantly, and said nothing about love. I concluded not to wait any longer; though I had no real objection to him, I dismissed him. Another offered himself, hand and heart; after an acquaintage of these. himself, hand and heart; after an acquain ance of three weeks; I told him to go about his tance of three weeks; I told him to go about his business, he had neither common prudence nor common judgment. And a third was forever telling me how many conquests he had made.— I told him at last that I had sufficiency of his com-I told him at last that I had sufficiency of his com-pany, and desired him to be particular to mention in lus future narrations to other, that my heart was not among the number of those which had fallen victims to his seducive powers. To pass over as many affairs in which I was engaged, with all the variety of beaux, from the starcked and mineing dandy of the holiday ball-room, to the solemn and tongueless, and half-abaved dudgreen. solenn and tongueless, and half-shaved dudgeon of the farm-house, I come to an adventure of no common occurrence. I was engaged to be married to a young merchant; my wedding clothes were ready; he was a gentleman who sat a high value on his taste; he wanted me to wear a blue sash; I preferred a white one; he got in a pet about it, and I concluded I had at hat got sight of a cloven foot. I proposed that instead of pumpa he should wear boots, he did not like the interference. Surely I thought a bad rule that don't work both ways. I put off the time; took a second thought about the matter and broke off the match. A man that sets himself up as a lord at nn and tongueless, and half-shaved dudgeon

large a portion of his affection on dogs had not enough left for a wife; I rejected him. A third dies, which illuminate the whole suiter was in the babit of swearing, politely to be sure; I could not but think such a one had no hushitude. When I reflect back have seen, what I have heard, a done. I can hardly nersually market.

In fine, with a tolerable fortune, and some beauty, through inability to find one tolerable unobjectionable man, I remain in single life. Happy in the recollection, that if to be single is to err, my error grow and of misferences. my error grew out of misfe

BELINDA PINCIL

FOR THE SATURDAY EVENING POST.

The following has before been in print; but there is a quaintness of thought, and shrewdiess of expression about it, which may again a niter it not insocrptable to those who think that brevity is the sont of wisdom as well as of wit. The larghit #4tirist would doubtless be much amazed to learn, that " the world is growing honest," and be runty to exclaim, " then is dooms-day near." But, ne vertheless, however well the picture might have answered in its day, none will pretend to deny but that it is a little too overcharged to suit the tenor of the present " improved state of the times."

" Honesty has fled from the world, and Since rity is fallen asleep. Piety has hidden herself, and Justice cannot find the way. The Helper is not at home, and Charity lies sick. Benevolence is under arrest, and Faith is nearly extinguished. The Virtues go begging, and Truth has long since been buried. Credit is turned crazy, and Concience is nailed on the wall."

" Patientia vincit omnia. Patience overcome: all things."

SPRING -How beautiful is creation, and how wise and beneficent are the works of Providence! Well may we make this exclamation at the present season—when the bright orb of day darts his gloious rays upon the earth, dispelling the damps and fogs of winter, and resuscitating anomated na-ure. There is nothing to which the life of man ture. There is nothing to which the life of man has been compared more apily then to that of the seasons—their various changes of heat and cold—of storm and calm, resembling his tunnuturus-life. At one time his imagination is dark and gloomy—passion rankles in his heast—and while he is on the verge of venting its malignant influence, some kindly passion rises in opposition and could, the theretening storm.

quells the threatening storm.

Were we to take the seasons, and their operation upon nature for our guide, it would be well
for us. To prepare at one time of life for another,
so that when the winter of old age should come
upon us, we would not be left desolate. Much
preparation is necessary to make that dreary season
comfortable, when the vanities of the weld cease. wells the threatening storm. omfortable, when the vanities of the world cease comortable, when the most of our former asso-ciates are slumbering in the dust. Some think it is not worth while to prepare for the uncertain event of old age; this they will regret, should they arrive at it. At any rate, the practice of virtue cannot injure them—and it is equally commenda-ble at all ages. ble at all ages.

GAMING.

In gaming, Judge Blackstone says, the several parties engaged cast lots to determine upon whom the ruin shall at present fall, that the rest may be saved a little longer. Taken in any light, this is an offence of the most alarming nature, tend ing, by necessary consequence, to promote pub-lic idleness, theft and debanchery, among those of a lower class; and, among those of a lower class; and, among persons of a superior rank, it hath frequently been attended with the sudden ruin and desolation of ancient and opulent families, and abandoned prostitution of every principle of honour and virtue, and too often hath ended in self-murder. To this pas-sion every valuable consideration has been made sacrifice; and it is a passion which has lamentably prevailed in our own country, and which we seem to have derived from our ancestors, the ancient Germans; who, according to the account given of them by Tacitus, were bewitched with the spirit of play to a most exorbitant degree.—
'They addict themselves,' says he, 'to dice (which is wonderful) when soher, and as a serious employment, with such a mad desire of winning or long themselves. one employment, with such a mad desire of winning or losing, that when stripped of every thing else, they will stake at last their liberty and their very selves. The loser goes into a voluntary slavery, and though younger and stronger than his antagonist, suffers himself to be bound and sold. And this perseverance in so bad a cause they call the point of honour. One would think (says Blackstone) that Tacitus was describing a modern Englishman. Against a spirit so frantic, laws can be of little avail, because the same false sense of himour that prompts a man to sacrifice sense of leader that the state of the himself, will deter him from appealing to a magistrate. Yet it is proper that restricting and protecting laws should be enacted, and that they should be publicly announced and repeatedly in-culcated, if possible to preserve the unwary, if not to reclaim those who are on the brink of Father le Compte, in his travels in China, says,

Father le Compte, in his travels in China, says, 'Gaming is equally prohibited among the common people and the Mandarins; and yet this does not hinder their playing, and frequently losing all they have—their lands, houses, children, and even their wives, which are all sometimes laid on a single card. Shakspeare says, 'keep a gamester from his dice, and a good student from his book, and it is wonderful.' Lord Bacon says, 'a numeter, the greater master he is in his says, 'a gamester, the greater master he is in his art, the worse man he is.' And Addison says, art, the worse man he is.' And Addison says, could we look into the mind of a common game ster, we should see it full of nothing but trumps and methadores; his slumbers are haunted with kings, queens and knaves.'

VANITY OF VANITIES.

VANITY OF VANITIES.

It is mortifying to human pride to hear the confessions of a man who has passed through the flowery fields and enchanting paths of life; but finds at last that the words of the wise man are alas! too true. Lord Chesterfield is universally known as a man of education, wealth, rank, and accomplishments; who, possessing all the means of unsanctified enjoyment, and availing himself of all the means he possessed, was better prepared than almost any other man, to make a just estimate of the pleasures of life. At the conclusion of his gay career, he looks back upon the scenes of his gay career, he looks back upon the scenes

or in gay career, he looks nack upon the scenes he had passed, and exclaims:

"I have run the silly rounds of business and of pleasure, and I have done with them all. I have enjoyed all the pleasures of the world, and consecutive them." pleasure, and the pleasures of the world, and consequently, know their futility and do not regret their loss. I appraise them at their real value, which is truly very low; whereas, those who have not experienced always over-rate them.—They only see their gay outside, and are dazzled with their glare. But I have been behind the seem. I have seen all the coarse pullies and dirty roses which exhibit and were the goardy

dles, which illuminate the whole the astonialment and admiration of multitude. When I refect tack upon have seen, what I have heard, and wholene, I can hardly persunde myself, that friveleus hurry, and bustle, and phenomerate world had any reality; but I look upon a past as one of those romantic dreams, and um commonly occasions; and I do by more to repeat the museous dose for the fugitive dream. Shall I tell you must this melanicely situation with that ment constantly and resignation which mean boast of? No-for I really cannot have bear it—because I must bear it, whether I mo—and think of mothing but a illing the ine is become mine enemy, It is my real of sleep in the carriage the remainds tourney."

COLLECTABLEA.

ON THE LOVE OF PARE.

Distinct on is so pleasing to the pride of that a great part of the pain and pleases of arises from the gratification or disappointment of an incessant wish for superiority. Proport ate to the prevalence of this love of praise is veriety of means by which its attainment tempted. Every man, however hopeles to tensions may appear to all but himself, has project by which he impagines that of the world hilber attracted; some art, by which he imagines that of the world hilber attracted; some good or bad, which he imagines that we common herd of mortals, and by which may be persuaded to love, or compelled a him. The ascents of honour, however mover appear inaccessible; he who despairs scale the precipices, by which valour and him to provide the precipices, by which valour and him to overlook those with whom he is now extending for eminence, and we seldom requiremore to the happiness of the present both, that to surpass him that wands next before us.

HAPPINESS.

HAPPINESS.

Happiness is much more equally divided than some of us imagine. One man may possess soot of the materials, but little of the thing; another may possess much of the thing but very few of the materials. In this particular view of it, happiness has been beautifully compared to the massain the desert, he that gathered much had nothing over, and he that gathered little had no tack therefore, to diminish envy, let us consider use what others possess, but what they enjoy; services may be the gift of lucky accident or blad chance, but happiness must be the result of predent preference and rational design; the injust happiness then can have no other foundation than the deepest wisdom; and the happinest fool is only as happy as he knows how to be.

This brave well fated general, in the retreat from Moscow and recourse to ever maneuvre that the most extraordinary course on talents could effect. Passing over an unknown country, he marched with his troops drawn up in the farm of a square, and constantly repelled with success, the attacks of six thousand Cossacks, who every moment charged furiously upon him to compet him to surrender. His retreat was one of the most beautiful operations of the compairm. When most beautiful operations of the compaign. When he passed the Dacipe, all his troops were in dispair, and every one considered himself lost. His staff eagerly sought him to receive his orders. To their great surprise, he was found couched beneath a ridge of snow, and attentively examin chart. The calmuess of their chief in circumstances of so much danger, immediately dissipated their fears, and inspired them with confidence and

SIR THOMAS MORE

Was so remarkably attentive to the education of his daughters, and brought them up with such strict attention to every thing that can charm or be admired in a female; that the School of More was praised no less for its novelty, than the accomplishments of its pipils. Eragnits, from whom we derive these particulars, and who was often an inmate of that delightful society, greatly captivated with the easy manners, the snimated bonversation, and extraordinary accomplishments of these young Isdies, could not help owning him. self a complete convert to More's sentiments of female education. Yet, while he admired their improvement, and shared in the pleasures so diffused, he could not help ramaraing to his friend, one day, how severe a calamity it would be, if, by any of those fatalities to which the human race is liable, such accomplished beings, whom he had so painfully and successfully laboured to improve any of those fatalities to which the human race liable, such accomplished beings, whom he has so painfully and successfully laboured to improso painting and successfully accourse to improve, should be matched away!—"If they are to dic," replied More, without hesitation, "I would rather have them die well informed, than ignorant," This reply, continues Erasmus, reminded me of saying of Phocian, whose wife; as he was about a saying of Phocian, whose wire, as he was about to drink the poison, according to his sentence, exciaimed, "Ah! my husband, you die innocent!" "And would you, my wife," he rejoined, "rather have me die guilty?"

CONVERSATION.

Perhaps there is nothing in which people or so egregiously, as in the manner of carrying on a conversation. Many value themselves on their conversation. Many value themselves on their superior worth, talents and information; whether superior worth, talents and information; whether this complaisant opinion of their worth be pro-per or not, there is often an eagerness to be at-tended to, that defeats the purpose of being either instructive or agreeable. To bear an equal part in conversation, without committing violence on the self-lose of others, to allow that reciprocity of the self-love of others, to allow that reciprocity of the self-love of others, to allow that reciprocity of discourse that gives to every one an opportunity of heing heard, and which is the great charm of Society, is the effect of that beautiful, yet indiscribable something, which we have agreed to term good angening. And to the really well bred requires good sense, which enables us to enter into the characters and sentiments of others, and to contribute our proper portion to the inand to contribute our proper portion to the instructive pleasures of general conversation

There is no one thing that is so important to a young man that is just entertaining on the stage of life, as the choice of company; every thing in a great measure depends upon that. The dashing rakes and disainated from man have their a great measure depends upon that. The dashing rakes and dissipated fops may have their allurements, but above all things, young men between of them. They entice but to .win, and he who is weak enough to be led into their anarwamay be sure of meeting with nothing but disappointment chagrin and the loss of health, and an empty purse. Therefore, it is of the greatest consequence, to choose suitable companions to cate with.

Many imagine that they shall not be con gentlemen without they awar roundly down their bottle of wine, and smake the of segura at a sitting; but, mixtukes, bewere how you include in and

PHE ADITORS OF THE SATERDAY EVENING POST.

expressed a determination not to make though be one of the last to disturb that deterer a vehicle for religious controversy. my and in the short letter which I am to address you, I am not doing so. That ready been done by your correspondent igns himself O. B. in your last paper. Havben, admitted his letter, I think I have upon your honesty, as well as impartiality, me to correct his misrepresentations a, indeed, (which I cannot imagine,) you wish to propagate error, rather than truth. But waste more time in preface, I proceed at nee to the only point in C. B's. letter which I Call at present touch upon.

There are some things (says C. B.) which we camet fully comprehend them. * * and believe in the existence of three per united in one, because they cannot comprehend it. Others agnot believe in the incornation of the Bon of God, because they cannot compre nd the metire of the union between his divinc d human nutures, &c. &c."

Now, if all this is intended to refer to professed abelievers in the Scriptures, my observations will not apply; but if, as is evident from the whole tenor of C. W's. letter, he aims a blow at Unitaat these who, like myself, prefer the word God, which says, "Thou shalt have no other od but me"-" Besides me there is no God"traditions of men which would teach us the Father is God-the Son is God, and the Holy Ghost is God, and yet there are not three Gods, but one God"-why, then, I tell C. B. (and neither the space which I have prescribed myself, nor my own inclinations, permit me to unnecessary circumfocutions) his assertions are not founded in truth! Unitarians do not diswe "the existence of three persons united in one" murely because " they cannot comprehend because the Holy Scriptures do not teach such o doctrine, or any thing like it. They do not profess to dishelieve "the incarnation of the Son of God because they cannot comprehend the motive of the union between his divine and hu an natures," but because Jesus Christ, the Evangelists, and Apostles, say nothing at all of the matter; and because, all that Jesus says of himself, and all that the Evangelists and Apostles my of him, lead to a directly opposite conclusion

I have now done. Nothing will induce me, desers. Editors, to trouble you afresh on the sub ject, unless you admit another letter from C. B. ne one clse, in justification of his sentiments in that case, I shall rely with as much confidence as in the present, that you will "hear me again on this momer;" though I would suggest, that as there is a publication in this city professedly devoted to religious subjects, and where controver my is not excluded, that would be a proper place discuss questions of this sort. I refer to " The Carinian," a weekly paper, published every Sa-There I am ready to meet C. B. again ; though, at parting, I would advise him, if he real ly understands the subject on which he writes, to avaid misrepresentation. These tricks are too stale to pass "now-a-days." If he does not understand them, he had better not write at all. 1 am, Messrs. Editors,

Your's,

From the Democratic Press of Monday

Yesterday morning it was whispered abroad that the Rev. Mr. SERVEDFEED had arrived in this case, and was to preach at one of the Methodist Churches. We received the information a little n'clock, and immediately went to the a Charci, where he was to preach. With difficulty we made our way into the church, egrees got into the gallery, and at length ourselves very comfortably stowed away in one of the window seats. As the hongry children of Israel gathered and fed upon the Manna from Blaven showered down in the sandy deserts of Arabis, so pressed and thronged together our critzens to teste of the bread of life; and as the Israelius me of the living God, to drink of the waters of righteourness, poured fourth in stre

A few minutes before ten o'clock, Mr. summer field and Mr. Sergeant ascended into the pulpit.-The one about two or three and twenty years of age, and the other several years younger; both of them interestingly youthful in their appearance.—

The Church was crowded, and at least as ma-

my people went away as found admittance. There were many listeners outside, inclining their ears in the boilows of their hands to carch the sounds of the business of their hands to caten the source of much sweet-the preacher's voice. It is a voice of much sweet-pess, mildress and distinctness, although not of the under tones are peculiarpowerful compass. Its under tones are peculiarly soft and tonching. The language of Mr. Summerfield is perfectly natural; there is nothing forceeffor strained. It abounds in imagery of the most charter and beautiful character, and is enriched with the happiest Scriptural idustrations. His ac-tions are appropriate and graceful. In his prayer for the conversion of the Hathen, and the extennor the conversion of the Reathen, and the extension of the lanes, and the strengthening of the etakes of the church, be most esquently invoked the bleesing of God upon the labours of the Missionary in Give in him O God, " sad he, " give to him the Courage of the Lou, the Patwnee of the Os, the Wisdom of the Serpent, and the harmiersmean of the Dove, that thousands and tens of thousands of Idulators, and millions of Heathens—yea so that every knee, shall bow to Jesus."

His feat was from Pealins 122, vs. 0, " Pear for

His test was from Psaims 122, vs. 6, " Pray for the peace of Jerusalem; they shall prosper that love thee." After a beautiful sketch of the life of David and the losing knotness of the Lord to hom and to his tamily, and to the tribes which remain the words of the text to the Caristian Churc pity the words of the text to the Christian Church, and more particularly to that portion of it of which he is a member. The was stone with much here, fidwhy and felicity of expression. We ardently wish that of memory would enable us to impress the public with annething like a faithful representation of the service; but all our faculties were no estimated occupand that we decease of girls a covered size event of our own is charge, moulded and too med as they were by the Prescher.

The property of the Church must only be judgeted by a minuter in representation of the Church must only be judgeted by particularly and the property of the Church must only be judgeted by particularly and the property of the Church must only be judgeted by particularly and the property of the Church must only be judgeted by particularly and the property of the church must only be judgeted by particularly and the property of the church must only be judgeted by particularly and the property of the church must only be judgeted by particularly in which the single property of the church must only be judgeted by particularly in the must be property of the church must only be judgeted by particularly in the must be property of the church must only be judgeted by particularly in the must be property of the church must only be judgeted by particularly in the must be property of the church must only be judgeted by particularly in the must be property of the church must only be judgeted by particularly in the property of the church must only be property of the church must only be judgeted by particularly in the must be property of the church must only be judgeted by particularly to be whenly and recorded as a straining to be another for must be be made from the property of the church must be proved as a church of the must be be made as a straining to be an attended as a straining tof

be its survive of all hence, and that kings should them. Workly become about fullow, not be followed by the church. Its division into sects, all sections other, which immortality, was compared to the march of the tribes going to the land of Cacoustic sect while the course to the promised land. The Minister then began to expatiate on what does not its Sherry when the prosperity of the constitute the Minister then began to expaniate on what does constitute the prosperity of the church, and first of its Spirituality. "God, said he, is a spirit, and must be worshipped in Spirit and in Trath. Ministers of the Gospel should not be dealers out of words, but of bread—the Bread of Lite. A zeaf-outs and a naxious Minister is always conscious ous and an anxious Minuter is always conscious when his preaching edities. It does not rebound upon him, but it sinks into the heart of his hear

He next enlarged upon Purity, as one dences of Prosperity. In this part of his dis-course, Mr. Summerfield said they should bear in mind the advice of one of the Fathers of the church, mind the advice of one of the Fathers of the church, and preach their doctrine and experience—their practice and discipline. Tribes of Israel, and the followers of the ancient philosophers were known by their badges and their outward ornaments; but the distinguishing characteristic of a Christian, is neither badge nor outward ornament. It resides in the heart and it is thus made known by the founder of the Church; "By this shall men know that ye are my disciples, if ye have love one to another." How different, how very different, a scene has the Church too often presented. It has been as an area; its members rushing upon one another like Roman gladiators. The members of the flunch should be as the members of a family. the church should be as the members of a family and then " love beameth from the countenance

The preacher then enlarged upon extension of s boundaries and enlargement on every sale, there there is spirituality, as another evidence of the prosperity of the Church. Speaking of the enlargement of the Methodist church, he ts increase in the last four years at 65 000 additional members; among these, said be, how many brands were plucked from the fire, yet —"Not unto us, not unto us, but unto Thy name, O Lord be

Summerfield was fifty minutes preaching yet the striness, the listening eagerness, the anx jety to hear was not at all abated when he had cety to hear was not at an abated when he had concluded his sermon. We beg to be understood as being deeply conscious how imperfectly our re-cellection and language do justice to the elo-quence, the attle, and gracefulness with which our eyes, and cara, and hearts were yesterday de-tiched.

TT We understand that Mr. Summerfield has gone on to llaltimore, to attend the Conference now holding there.

We think it now reduced to a certainty, says the Baltimore Morning Chronicle, that La Fayette, excluded as he has been from the chamber of French Deputies, will make this land of freedom his future residence. This was the only apology that he made for not complying with our invita-tion. We trust and hope, that the noble soul who tion. We trust and hope, that the noble soil who fought our battles, will take its flight-to Washington's in the regions of glory, from the very soil which he shed his blood to defend, amidst the cheering benedictions of millions of freemen, and the prayers of a grateful people.

Why beams Mount Vernon with a sudden blaze! Another here moves in all his rays; Unto these shades our honored guest repairs,

To lay aside his pains and hoary hairs; To seek the quiet slumbers of the just, And rise immortal from the mould'ring dust

The following interesting anecdotes, which w pleasure by every admirer of that early friend to American freedom, La Fayette. They present too the character of John Q Adams, in a light, which

was obliged to fly from France, and his faindy were compelled to seek an asylum in a foreign land, where they were without resources, Madaine La Fayette addressed a letter to our distinguished stryman, John Q. Adams, at that time the Hagne, representing her destitute situal Mr. Adams immediately supplied her from of the United States then in his hands, and reported the fact to President Washington, who expressed to Mr. Adams his warmest approbation of the appropriation be had made.

During the campaign of Bonaparte against Russia, Col. de Tracy, whose brother married the

daughter of La Layette, was taken prisoner and sent to Siberia.—Mr. A lams, then Minister at St. Petersburg, knowing the connection of Col. de Tracy with the family of La Fayette made application for the exchange of the Colonel, or per for him to reside in some other part of th dominuns. The Russian Government were so ex-asperated against the French, that they refused to omply with Mr. Adams' request. But he was of discouraged, with a single attempt, but per-evered, until he succeeded in procuring permis-ion for Col. de Tracy to reside in St. Petersburg, Mr. Adams' own guarantee that he should no quit that city. These, and several other circum

case view of the United States:—There are half a mition of Scholars at the public schools throughout the United States, and more than three thousand students at the colleges which confer degrees. There are shout twelve hundred students at the medical student at the medical schools, five hundred student at the medical schools, five hundred students. medical student at the medical schools, five hundred at the theological seminaries, and more than a thousand students at law. There are about ten thousand physicians, and upwards of six thousand lawyers. There are about nine thousand places of worship, and about five thousand places of clerwymen. About how they are thousand places of clerwymen. gymen. About four thousand four hundred patents have been taken out for new and useful inventions, discoveries and improvements in the arts. Between two and three milions of dollars worth of books are anunally published in the United States. A thousand newspapers are published. The was more than one hundred steam boats comprise was more than one hundred steam boats compris-ing more than four thousand tons, navigating the Mississippi. The vessels of the U.S. by sea, perform their voyages, on an average, in one third less time than English. There are five thousand post offices and eighty thousand rules of post roads, and twelve tanusand miles of turnpike roads.—There are three thousand legislators.

Slavery in the British West Indies. Ears Hathurst in the British house of Lords, and Mr. Canning in the Commons, have introduced this subject. The following are the provisions for the amelioration of the Slave dondstion:

1. The use of the whip is to be utterly abolished in regard to female staves.

2 The whip is no longer borne by the driver in the field; to be us issiger employed as a summary pareisliment of the mate negroes; to be wholly laid

The retinant of personal chiracter, is a second of the master and all civil cases except when the master ed in all civil cases except when the master ed in all civil

reolved.

7. The 4-eve who has sequired a certain sum of nuncy is to have the power of purchasing his own namumission or that of the wife or child; and thus he father may become the instrument of liberty to

livith respect to the Slave Trade, the French government had agreed to admit a mutual right of search, if the punishment was to be made severe. The American Government had formerly toade the trade piracy and now had admitted a mutual right of search; by which British ships might visit agreement and the search; by which British ships received in American as well as British ships concerned in the trade; but upon this condition, that British ships should be sent for condemnation to a British mal, and American ships to a tribunal of their

BLOODY BATTLE IN APRICA.

The brig Elizabeth, arrived at Barbadoes, from Africa, gives an account of a sanguirary conflict that lately happened between the Aphantees, a very powerful race, and a force composed of about 4000 natives, and others of Cape Coast Castle, an English ent in that neighbourhood. The former late, made frequent incursions for the pur-plundering the latter territory, and, in one had, of late, made frequent incursions for the pur-pose of plundering the latter territory, and, in one of these, had seized a British Sergeant, whom they nurdered, and afterwards mutilated in a most hor-id manner. To avenge this crime, and the insult offered to the English flag. Sir C. M'Carthy, Governor of Sierra Leone, immediately prepared this ex-pedition, which was formed into three divisions pedition, which was formed into three divisions, one of which he commanded, and was accompanied by many merchants as volunteers; before the three parties could form a junction, Sir Charles was intercepted by 10,000 of the Ashantees, whom he fought as long as his ammunition lasted; but bring at length overpowered by such an immense number of the foe, he and those with him, were either. Meanagered or made principles, and from either massacred or made prisoners; and fron the blood thirsty character of theenemy, it is fear ed the first of these disasters has befallen them and under circumstance of aggravated crucity.— Although 14 days had clapsed after the departure of this Expedition, no intelligence of Sir Charles or the Merchants had reached the Cape when the Elizabeth left that coast. It has been surmised, that the Ashantees had been instigated to their late ill conduct by some foreign traders in the neighborhood of the exercises o bouring district, on account of the exertions of the Exertions of the British in intercepting the African Slave Trade.

AFFECTING INCIDENT.

An incident of an affecting and impressive na-ture lately occurred at the Old Bailey, which too strikingly illustrates the moral unitness of the fic-trous and formalities of British law. A man charg-ed on five indictments with uttering forged notes, plead guilty. The recorder expressed a hope tha he would not persist in this plea, as if he did, sen-tence of death must be passed upon him; and ad-vised him to pursue a different course. The pri-soner replied, "I am aware of my awful eternity, therefore I fear to utter a falsehood. If mer cannot be extended here, I hope to receive it from my creature." The recorder proposed that the terms. prisoner might have time to consider, but he firm plea of guilty. His life will probably pay the penalty of his adherence to truth. A he is the price at which a culprit is admitted to all the chicane law offer a thousand chances to escape. indeed, something slockingly anomalous in these proceedings—it makes a part of the Judge's duty whose office is to investigate truth, to exhort the accused to tell a tre; if, as in the case before us, he shudders at the thought of adding a falsehood to his near account of sin; if, on the brink of eternity, he spurns the baseness of a lie, the organ of justice lends all the weight of its authority, except event to the first of the spurns that the second spurious to the sec of justice lends all the weight of its authors out hope erts every topic of persuasion, holding out hope and fear to induce him to alter his righteous pur pose. The wises and only the judge deliberately recommending a lie—and the Judge, in so doing, is only discharging his duty Is not this, to use the words of Montesquieu " de

CHEMICAL ANALYSIS OF BANKS.

CHEMICAL ANALYSIS OF BANKS.

The deflagration of the Bank notes of Kentucky.
(says the Salem Observer, proved that they were but "dust and ashes." The editor of the Connecticut Mirror, indulges in the following amusing speculations on the chemical character of the Hanks themselves, in a notice of the Chemical Bank recently established at New-York.

"Most banks are alaporatories and most of their

Bank recently established at New-York.

Most banks are laboratories and most of their officers financial chemists. We mean no disrespect to either—none to the art which the learned call science—and certainly none to that soience which the unlearned call art—but to the parallel. The trials to which earths and metals and gasses are exposed in the one, and flesh and blood, credit and cash, body and brevches in the other, are similar, thought nullum simile est idem. One decomposes, and the other discomposes; one says a diamond is charcoal, and the other certifies that banks. One deals in explosion "exposed to red heat," and a Bankrupt in gaol may well pity a mouse when the breath its maker has given is exchanged for azote, or taken away with an air pump. But trifles turn to seriousness

Interesting Discovery.—Professor Olisstan, of the University of North Carolina, has ascertained that a fine illuminating gas may be obtained from cotton seed. The product of gas from a bushel of seed, is more than double the average product of the same quantity of New Castle coal, and great-ity exceeds that in illuminating power. It partiskes of the purity and splendor of gas from oil, with which substance, indeed, this seed is known to abound.

The experiments already made induce the be lief, that, among all substances hitherto tried for gas illumination, this article will be found the most eligible, especially for our Southern cities, where cotton seed can be obtained at a very fling expense; and the idea is suggested that a rticle may possibly become of considerable va article may possibly become of considerable value for exportation. The vast quantity of seed, amounting to many millions of pounds, that annuamounting to many millions of pounds, that animally accumulate in our cotton districts, forming pile almost useless and sometimes noxious, would, it is thought, afford materials for illuminating almost every city in the United States.

It is expected that Mr. Oimsted will shortly

make public his experiments and scientific results on this subject.

MAY DAY.

The oldest inhabitants, says the N. Y. National Advocate, do not remember to have seen so much moving as on Saturday last, at any period in the history of city affairs. There are but two cities of history of city affairs. There are but two cities of any inste, where this custom prevails of moving on the 1st of May; New York, and our beloved grandam, the city of Amsterdam, from whom we draw our being, our order, cleanliness, and stupiday; and surely no practice could be more stupid than that of moving a while city in one day. Such an encounter of carts and handbarrows; such clashing of jurisdiction in relation to furniture and other moveables; such moving in and out at the same inoncent; such smashing of glasses and china jars; execting of carditables, and bedietads. Such havon among the decasters, awect-meets and pickles sauch chands of dest, and remnants of diet, loft geathinguity by massite, these asset chands of dest, and remnants of diet,

pared to death; the maids fatigued to the loss of their Sunday exestings walk in Broadway, and the master ready to make his escape, and actually es-caping from a scene of dirt, dust, elamour and em-fusion.

caping from a sectic of dirt, dust, elimitar and confusion.

Poets paint May day like Plora wreathed with hyacinths and honey-suckles, when the lads and the lasses in their holiday attire, gambol on the green and dance around the May pole. Don't look for these sylvan joys in New York on that day. We have been frequently tempted to propose an alteration to the system, but we shall have the converse of real extent flows wrom which the pose an alteration to the system, our wesquare-we the owners of real estate down upon us like the night-mare, for interfering with their rights; but aspone a law should be passed making the quarter days of all houses in the 1st ward expire in the month of January: the 2d ward, in the month of Pebruary; the 3d ward, in the month of March, and so now why in one ware the whole system. and so on: why in one year the whole system would be changed without loss. As the city in

MURDER OF MR. JAMES CRAWFORD.

Captain Wilson, of the schr. George Washington, of this port, arrived at Havana, on the 15th inst. from Alvarado, and brought the melancholy intelligence of the murder of Mr. James Crawford of Philadelphia. About five months since Mr. Crawford and Mr. Andrews, were despatched by the United States' Bank, to Mexico, for the purthe United States' Bank, to Mexico, for the pur-pose of effecting some important negociations.— On their return from the city of Mexico to Alvara-do, (as considerable danger was app ehended from an attack by robbers, on the supposition of their having a large amount in specie, [about, 23,000, which was taken by the robbers] they were fur-nished with a strong escort of 25 men, well armed, under the direction of Capt. Murray, of the British Navy. On account at Pushla, they were descirated under the direction of Capt. Murray, of the British Navy. On arriving at Puebla, they were deprived of their escort by the public authority, and an in ferior guard, of 12 worthless men, bad-y armed, was substituted. A short distance from Puebla, most of this guard deserted them, and they were soon after attacked by a set of Banditti of twenty five.—Mr. Crawford was shot through the lungs, your of the party wounded, and a courier who had four of the party wounded, and a courier who had joined them at the moment with despatches for sour of the party wounded, and a courier who had joined them at the moment with despatches for Capt. Morray, killed. Capt. Murray and Mr. Andrews appear to have escaped unburt. The Banditti made prisoners of the party, robbed them of every thing, and being joined by those of the guard who had deserted, deliberated whether to put them to death, but through the intercession of two or three who had some remains of humanity, they were after some hours detention and cruel treatment set from Mr. Canaford expired in the same Mr. Andrews, three hours after receiving the fatal wound; whether any rites of interment could have taken place, under the unfortunate circum-

Weekly Compendium.

A fire broke out Thursday afternoon in a house in Arch street, between Seventh and Eighth streets. It was extinguished before much damage was done to the building.

On the 27.1.

On the 27th, says the Buffalo Journal, the ice still extended a mile or more up the lake; but there was a prospect that the lake would be free by the 29th, the day on which the steam boat Superior is day on which the steam boat Superior is advertised to sail.

The Weather .- The Quebec Mercury of the 27th The Neutrer—The Quebec Mercury of the 27th of April, mentions that on the 25th the weather was unusually warm for the season: the next day there was a cold storm, and a severe frost at night, the snow was still eighteen inches deep in the woods. The river was open from Montreal to Quebec, and four steam boats had arrived. On the 21st a vessel cleared at Quebec for sea, but she had not sailed at the latest date.

The Hon. Ninian Edwards, recently appointed dinister to Mexico, arrived at Louisville, (Ken.) on the 16th ult. on his way to his residence in Il

With much pleasure we mention, says the New York Evening Post, that we have seen an ex-of a letter from London, giving a favorable acc of the improved state of health of our much b ed Diocesan, Bishop Hobart. He was taken to the House of Lords, by the Archbishop of Canterbury, and occupied the highest seat allotted to strangers

The Rochester paper announces that packet boats now daily depart east and west on the Canal, and the fare is so good and cheap that no one who consults economy, can now afford to travel on foot

The editor of the Baltimore Morning Chronicle Witt Clinton, from the summit of his elevation looks down on the Legislature of New York so far beneath him, that he scarcely can perceive them vith a telescope."

The enactment of the Tariff Bill, the present ses sion of Congress in any shape, is very questionable. Its warmest advocates however entertain a hope, that by laying a less duty upon Hemp and Iron, than that agreed upon by the House of Representatives, its passage will be secured.

A cow belonging to Mr. Lewis Reviere, of East Hartford, Con. lately brought him three calves, which at one day old weighed as follows yiz: 40½ lbs. 35½ lbs. and 33½ lbs.—Total 109½ lbs.

The Princess of Stolberg, mother of the Coun-tess of Albany (Widow of the Pretender, who late-ly died at Florence), is still living. She is ninetythree years of age, and in perfect possession of her health and faculties. She goes to sil the pub-lic assemblies, and remains up all night at balls, as stoutly as the youngest of her sex.

On the 11th ult/Miss Susan Hums, of Cranston, R. I. preached in the North Baptist Meeting-house in New-Bedford, Mass. Her sermons are said to be learned and appropriate. She is a young woman ared 24. nan, aged 24.

The bill to establish the Bank of Louisians, has assed both houses of the Legislature, and now mly waits the approval of the Governor, to become

The extraordinary vessel, as regards her size, now building at the Island of Orleans, near Quebec, caught fire on the night of the 18th inst, and it is said nearly 40 feet of her length were consumed, commencing from the bow. A fire had been made to dry the vessel. Lafayette - The Paris Quotidienne states, that

the debate in Congress having reached France, many of the Liberals were deterred from voting for the General, because of his expected visit to the United States; and that he himself, learing that he could not delay his voyage, was indifferen

An Independent weekly newspaper has been es ablished at the Cape of Good Hope, under the the Cape of Good Hope, under the which is to discuss every subject except the "poli-cy and administration of the Colonial Government."

A new Paper has been established by Mr. F. Cowdray, at Newport, Genessee county, N. Y. on the Grand Eric Canal, about 300 miles west of Al-bany, and 30 west of Rochester, to be called the "Newport Patriot."

On the 1st of May there were in the port of New York 60 ships, 2 barques and 72 brigs.

At the late fate given by the city of Paris, 8000 individuals were entertained at dinner. The drink-ables were comprised in 7000 bottles of wine, and 2,300 howls of punch. Eighteen thousand amali-2,300 howls of punch. Eighteen thousand calca were cases at the desert; and 25,000 g of ite cream.

Miss Maria T: Warren and Miss Fasoy G Are atteng the peacetyers in the Stanton for at New-Sudderd, from the Squalwick Intends, i Squares Gasson. A plantons opening entron in

appears at that

the King and Qu They ists of 12 persons. They are

The disputes between the C the tyranny of the G

The National Intelligencer informs on the reaty between the United States and Goals ain, respecting the slave trade, (as canning's speech,) was actually sign n the 13th whi of the United States, and Mr. Huskisson, Commissione and Mr. Huskisson, Commissione pose, on the part of the British go Treaty, it is said, has arrived at it is probable will be laid before: on thereon, during the pre

GREEK PURD

The sub-committee charged by a manufacture to the 18th March last, with remitting the bacted in aid of the Greeks, have, by a paship New-York, which sailed on tamel mitted to Baring, Brothers and Go. 65601 purchased at the following rates 1 £6693 12 6, at a premium of \$2 per case 1 £6693 12 6, at a per case 1 £6693 12 6, a

£6600 00 00

being the whose amounts in the sale of the various swords, pistals and which have been received by the counter to be forwarded to Leghorn, by the fact to be forwarded to be forwarded

We observe, says the National hard-singular misapprehension, on the part of an our public prints, in respect to the client bill, which has passed the Seaste, and is not fore the House of Representatives of the States, for abolishing imprasonment for his seems to be supposed that the bill, if it has act of the Congress of the Usited State, at subject, can apply only to cases a side Courts of the United States have captained, at of course, not to cases of judgments in the Court of the several states, which must, one this bill pass, continue to be regulated by this of the States. There is good ground to his however, that the example of the general passent, on this point, would be followed, a min distance, by the governments of the several has

We observe in a Western paper that a sight circumstance has lately occurred user Kansa, Tenn. It appears that on a Sabbath, white thodast congregation were at their devotions and man half drunk, rode up to the meeting hound vociferously called out for Sal, a slave of his, sins in attendance at the meeting. The girl, in obtain to the call, left the meeting, and writely in attendance at the meeting. The girl, in helm to the call, left the meeting-house, and weather master. The inhuman monster best her not a mercifully, and abused the congregations adapack of hypocrites. After he was gue one distriction was called on to pray, who offered us supplications to the throne of grice, in helm the old man, in a fervent and pathetic master, a concluded by saying—" but that if his day of mass past and gone, that the Lord would need by no longer permit him to trouble his people. On the following Priday, while the old man as assisting at a log rolling, in the neighbourhood large log, taking a different direction from the new contract of the people, fell upon and creat the poor construct of death."

LOOK OUT FOR A VILLAIN.

The Berkshire (Massachusetts) Star, costs the public to look out for a man of the send Sewall T. Mark, a tall fleshy person of feroises pect, hair entirely white, and rather long own forehead, about 50 years of age. Mark had be employed as instructor in the school at Tyst. employed as instructor in the school at harn, and with his wife boarding at the Clark's, with whose daughter he cloped 9th inst. taking with her the property of her er in notes to the amount of \$400, and see er in notes to the amount of \$400, and seemed able articles belonging to the family. It spent that the present wife of Mark is not the only supple has abandoned. The girl stoops a still, at the middling size, and has red hair.

A successful surgical operation was hirly we by Doctor Ezra Bartlett of Haverliih, N. It al Calvin Jewett of Newbury, Vt. on a hith girls daughter of Mr. Jeffrey A. Haily of the last now, Cadawerous complexion, difficulty affecting &c. &c. indicated the immediate appearing death. The physicians, on examising the piece were of opinion that there was an obstructural the windpipe: an incision into the threat was able to Jr. Jewett, and about haif of a raw heat taken from the windpipe. The health of the data was restored.

BOSTON MUNICIPAL COURT. At the April Tezm of this Court, of esta-trials for various offences, there were twelvest-victions, and the following among other seatons were adjudged.

were adjudged.
George Bates, for a Burglary in the design bouse of John D. Howard, jr. confinement to had labour in the State Prison during his natural in Henry Mace, John Scroggins and William Bart, for an assault and battery on Echenery Shan a Constable, in the actual discharge of his doctor of the state of the st

gravated by a riothus rescue of a prisents, said the officer had in custody.

George B. Howard, convicted on a specific indgment of the Police Court, for being a consti-pler and Fuddler and playing for the angles of loose and dissolute persons in West Book. Hill, a fine of ten dollars.

On Monday the 3d instant, the sources of the man pronounced upon the nutures of the fall Jaces, and the pirate Peres, by his Thompson, who recapitulated the stances connected with their research as a seems manier dwelt on the second of the

lying from and the mangles

ening last, by a small box, saying d begging him to soon as he had red with great pro er the bed; but a the roum, he p

Whatever may h

Kentucky Re the matrimonial ick, who appears the famous Dr. It rance in Lexingt in South Car ther in South Car see, Alabama and

cloves, so ni deposited in o Mr. Shillaber,

was only a a ut three times tween individuals
66, a British news
w is from 7 to 10

Judge Robbins ery Circuit Court rnor Adair has ded the executed ay, the 11th o

exaudria at from § cellent herrings and. The immensional and berring tomac opened, we a consideration in n consideration in swithstanding the frequently happen to fish are used as t the tandings, in fficient number of

Some time since ant Printer at Que attaining Ductor lock and recently a om proming officia by Pisher, catted ring the title of the m. The case was at the April terr at as the case invice, the Court ha aing its judgment

A tremendous le ndshipman and ma rews were buried momenced with its most nuise or indic our tweive hours.

id March, anchored under the lee 29th March, anchored under the 1st is hanc; west on shore, and there found of a reasel, supposed to be the ship personnells, which was broken up in manuer; almost every timber separated non 25 to 20 feet above high water fragments were strewed along a crag-r more than half a mile; among which e mangled bodies of a great part of the sandy hair, entire, lying on a a number cut to pieces.

that Mr. Lyon, who was employed in contract on the James River Canal, was a contract on the James River Canal, was from his sleep about 5 o'clock on Satur-ing last, by a negro, who delivered to all hox, saying it was from his friend Mr. ugging him to take care of it till be came. a singular glimmering appear proceeded to examine the box found to contain six, or right pounds of er, in a small keg, and two candles which taken place, and Mr. L. might

blown to atoms.
sleeping in a temporary cabin on the
he Canal. A man who had been deprivcontract Mr. L. has obtained, has been

ness,"-By the following extract from Deteport of Saturday, it appears that Messra id Jackson are not good judges of ories

Whatever may be my done of Andrew Jackson, of I want to huy a lot of Opium or 100 cases of igo, in the New York market, I will employ or of them, even if they urged their services me; offered to go to New York on purpose; wen if I could have their services for no

ridge, Principal of the Literary and Military Atademy at Norwich, Vermont, nteered to deliver two lectures, for the the New York Apprentices Library. His peror Napoleon, terminating with the bat-laterioo. Capt. Patridge has completed a if all the emmences in the vicinity of New

as ascertained by a series of Darometical emonactical observations, that the height in-Hill, in New Jersey, a curious insulated serising out of the meadows a few males from Hoboken is 200 feet above high water the ferry. It is supposed, that this little tonce an island, and the meadows about it matted the har

Kentucky Reporter contains a mentucky reporter contains some account matrimonial adventures of a William M. who appears to have been as great a villain amous Dr. Hamilton. Chick made his special Lexington, Ky. in October last, for the of attending a course of medical lectures, orted himself as a single man. It soon came wever that he had one wife in Missouri, and in South Caroline. In South Carolina, and having lived in Ten-Alabama and Missisaippi, has probably one wives in each. The early development of racter at Lexington, no doubt saved some

een a curious specimen of ingenuity, in a ire Malay Proa, with the crew on board, and part of the rigging complete, the whole of cloves, so nicely strung together, that they to be one mass. We understand that it is deposited in our Marine Museum, a present Shillaber, of this town, commission mer

stamp duty on every-newspaper published reat Britain is 42 pence. Fifty or sixty years it was only a a half penny. The present duty out three times the whole cost of an Ameriout three managements of all public papers, or all overly \$30,000 000 per annum to the British sury. Almost all public papers, or contracts reen individuals, require to be stamped,—in reen individuals, require to be stamped.—in the price a British newspaper cost 24 pence—the price from 7 to 10 pence, of which 44 pence goes

obert Burch and Nancy King, were tried be Judge Robbins at the late term of the Mont-tery Circuit Court, (Ky.) for the murder of Mrs. h, the wife of the former, and found guilty and need to be executed. Miss King had bec mistress of Burch and an accomplice in the etration of this horrid deed. We understand etration of this horrid deed. We understand ernor Adair has pardoned Nancy King, and ited the execution of Robert Burch, until sday, the 11th of May next, on which day he, be hanged, between the hours of eleven and

speak technically. Best slight are selling at exameria at from \$1.75 to \$2 per hundred, and cellent herrings at from \$0 to 75 cents per thoused. The immense trade which would be done shad and herrings, were the Chesapeake and tomac opened, we believe, has never been taken occurring the consideration in consideration. necassideration in any estimate on the subject.

withstanding the vast quantities which are sold, frequently happens that millions of these invalute into are used as manure on the farms adjoing the landings, in consequence of a want of a fficient number of purchasers.

Some time since Mr. Neibon, the late Governant Printer at Quebec, applied for an injunction straining Doctor Fisher, late of the city of Newbix and recently appointed Government Printer, om printing official notices in a paper establishing the title of the paper then printed by Neilon. The case was expected to have, been decident the April term, but the Chief Justice stated at the April term, but the Chief Justice stated at as the case involved question of great important as the case involved question of great important. as the case involved question of great importng its judgment until the ensuing term in June

A tremendous hurricane was experienced at eta Cruz on the 10th uit. Much property and hany lives loat: among the vessels in the harbor, as the achr. Industry from Havana, with a saluble carge-mall hands lost, except the captain and list. A brig from Philadelphia was totally lost, ad alt hands perished; the U. S. brig Shark lost as boats and fourteen of her erew, including a adshipman and mate; all the fishing smachs and rews were buried in a watery grave. The gule-momencul with its ulmost force, without any present notice or indication in the horizon, and lasted for twelve hours.

Single Cold

A letter from Valparaiso, thee, 21, mentions the sum of the Chilian Expedition from Arica, on account the difference between Bulivar and Aguerol 5, it was not been accounted in return if the way a deviation among the Patriots. They have as Ges. Valder was advancing to that it mad they out the thousan of their have

FROM CHILL.—Buenes Ayres papers, to Feb. 21st, received at Hoson, state that Valdivia had been taken by Quintanills, who proceeded from Chiloe, with about 4000 men. The director Freyre, marched to resist him, with the corps of the army which had retreated from the Intermedian to Coquimbo. The capture of Riva Aguero, by Bolivar, was celebrated at Lima with great enthusiasm. Bolivar was preparing to spen the campaign with 10 or 13 000 men.

Bolivar, was celebrated at Lima with great enthusiasm. Bolivar was preparing to open the campaign with 10 or 13 000 men.

The Buenos Ayres paper of Peb. 21st contains a notice of the arrival of the frigate United States at Rio Janciro. The Gazette, of Jan. 10, contains a decree of the Governor, appointing Brigadier General Don Carlos de Alvar, Minister Plenipotentiary in the United States with a calary of \$210,000 tiary to the United States, with a salary of \$10,000 per annum, and Lieut. Col. Thomas Islante, Secreary of Legation, with a salary of \$2000.

Late from Brazil .- By the arrival at this Port, on Monday evening, of the schouner Herman, tord, in 33 days from Rio Janeiro, informatio tord, in 33 days from Bio Janeiro, information has been received that the present Emperor Don Pedre, has granted a constitution to the Brazilians, and the government is to be considered hereafter as a limited and not absolute monarchy. The Roman Catholic is the established religion but all other forms will be tolerated though they will not be permitted to be publicly solemnized. The reigning dynasty is to be D.n Pedro I. and his registions successors. In celebrating this event. reigning dynasty is to be D is Fedro I, and his legitimate successors. In celebrating this event, D.in Pedro, with his family, attended the theatre, which unfortunately took fire, and with great difficulty made his escape with the rest of the auditors.

From Demarara.-Files of the "Guiana Chron and the "Colonst," from the 1st to the 16th prii, have been received by the editors of the ilk Beacon. It would seem that the spirit of Norfolk Beacon. It would seem that the spirit of insubordination among the blacks of that Island is not yet extinct, and that intelligence of new plots on the East Coast has caused the militia to be again called into active service. By the information from Martinque, it appears that the inhabitants of that island are taking efficient means for preventing an insurrection among their black population.

Zbening Bost.

PHILADELPHIA.

Saturday, May 8, 1824.

Counterfeit Notes on the Bank of Philadelphia, of the denomination of ten dollars are now in cir culation. Those who receive paper money, in payment for goods, &c. will act wisely should they scrupulously examine all notes that are ten dered to them, until assured by competent judges that they are not spurious.

The ship Superior, Capt. Dixey, from Canton with a large cargo of tess, silks, &c. On the 18th of March, in lat. 10, S. long. 3 E. experienced a heavy squall, with lightning, which struck the ship and prostrated the chief officer, and three of the erew-the lightning chain was so shattered that NINETY-FIVE pieces were picked up from different parts of the vessel-the ship sustained

Literary .- The public will doubtless be gratified to learn, that Mr. Gooper, the American novelist has projected a series of semi-historical tales, to be entitled Legends of the Thirteen Republics, connected with the Revolution. He is now en gaged on the first of the series, to be called Lionel Lincoln, the scene of which will be laid in Bosto and its vicinity, and will contain sketches of the battles of Lexington and Bunker Hill. The bere is understood to be a young officer in the British army.

The present Mayor of this city, on entering upor the duties of his office, has taken cognizance of street beggars, and others who may infringe on the ordinances of the corporation: He particular ly requests that street begging may be discounte nanced by the citizens, as their charity is very generally solicited under false pretexts, and in most instances the proceeds are immediately squandered in drunkenness and gross debauchery in the outskirts of the city, to the certain ruin of the children and the confirmation of vagabond habits in the el ders. As this growing evil opens a wide range for the pilferer in his guilty practices on the unwary house-keeper, we can see no good reason for encouraging its pursuit when so many institutions are open for the support of the poor; and every individual is liable to pay his portion of poor rates for their maintenance,-As the case stands, there is very little charity in contributions to support idleess and dissipution

The Mayor also animadverts on the encroachments of many individuals on the pavements, with casks, boxes, &c. in front of their establishments, particularly in the crowded parts of the city; and attributes it more to the fashion of making a show of business, than from necessity or want of room. He seems anxious, " to fulfil to the letter, his obligation of office," in suppressing nuisances and infractions of the ordinances of the corporation; and appeals to his fellow citizens for their support in the execution of his duties. We have full confidence in his discretion, and are satisfied that such exceptions will made in regard to delinquents, as are necessary for the strict and impartial administration of justice.

The lot of ground and building in Locust, near, the corner of Eighth street, formerly occupied by the Fifth Presbyterian Church of which the Rev Mr. Skinner is pastor, has been purchased by the Musical Fund Society of this city, for seven thousand five hundred dollars. We understand that the Society have made such preparations as are necessary for the erection of an edifice, two stories high, and occupying the whole of the ground, in breadth and depth, suitable for the exhibitions and convenience of the members of the institution .- The lower story will consist of several rooms, one for practisings, another for meeting, and a third for a ball room, &c. The upper story will be entirely taken up for a Concert room, which will be but lit tle less taan the Grand Sulnon of the late Washing ton Hall. The whole rost of the scite and the erec tion of the building, is calculated at twenty thousand dollars; and will be completed and ready for the reception of the society, about the first of No-cember. The resources of the institution are ade, quate to meet the full amount. The breedts which may recent to our city by the execution of a stall of

THE CARBONAID-This is the name ciety which has been formed in this city, within a short time, for the purpose of affidding to the oppressed of all nations, a rallying point, whereby mbine and concentrate their means for propagating the spread of universal, political, an religious liberty. In Spain, and throughout Germany, numerous sects of Carbonari have existed in defiance of the rigid measures which their enemics used for the subsersion of their body.-Their principles and views are in accordance with the spirit and genius of our constitution; their design is to assist in the overthrow or sub version of the legitimates of the old world, to whose oppressions and wrongs there have been no limit, and to raise on their ruins a superstructure like that which has been handed down to us by the wisdom, prudence and foresight of our progenitors. The benefits to result from this new ociation may not be immediately distinguished yet should the members of it persevere in the laudable motives which have brought them to gether, their numbers and their usefulness will no doubt increase.

Methodist Conference .- The general Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church in the Uniter States, commenced its session in Baltimore on Ba turday. This august assembly consists of the three Bishops of the Church, two delegates from the English Conferences, and representatives from all the Annual Conferences in the United States. It is supposed that there will be a greater assemblage of ministers of the gospel than has ever taken place in this country. Some important business in rela-tion to Church Government is expected to be brought before this meeting, which will render its receedings very interesting to the members of the Church. Three Indian Chiefs, attached to the Mission School in the Wyandot nation, have come on to attend this Conference.

Mr. F. Kearny, engraver of Philadelphia, has finished a portrait of John Q. Adams, from a paint ing by King. The size of the print is eight by ten inches, and the execution of it highly creditable to the artist. Mr. Kearny is now employed in engraving a full length portrait of General La Fayette, as commander of the American and French roops at the assault on the enemy's redoubts near York Town. It will be taken from an original picture, that was deemed a good likeness when was drawn.

In the Senate, says the National Intelligence the Tariff Bill is yet on the tapis. With regard to its ultimate fate, in a modified shape in the Senate, much is supposed to depend on the arrival of the new Senator from Illinois, who is stid to be daily expected.

In the House of Representatives, the bill to reluce into one the several acts regulating the Post Office Establishment, has been taken up with an earnestness, which seems to indicate a determina rion to go through it.

LATEST FROM ENGLAND.

The British Packet Prolic Lieut, Barron, arrived at New-York on Wednesday in 30 days from Falmouth, with despatches for the British Charge des Affaires at Washington. The despatches were mmediately forwarded by a special messenger .-The presumption is, that these despatches relate to the late negociations between the two govern ments, on the subject of the slave trade.

Another loan had rather unexpectedly appeared n the London Market, of two millions and a half sterling, for the service of the ancient kingdom of Guatimala, or the United Provinces of Centra America.

Mr Peel has announced in the House of Co mons, that the manuscript of Milton, recently dis covered, the nature of which is to furnish proofs of the truth of the Christian religion, was about to be published under the auspices of the King.

The Slave Trade Piracy Bill was read a third time in the House of Commons on the 25th of March, and sent to the Lords. Sir J. Mackintosh expressed his entire concurrence in the bill, and hailed the auspicious treaty, entered into with America, with the most heartfelt satisfaction.

Don Juan Martin, better known as the Empeci nado, has been murdered at Ros by a band of Ultras, in consequence of the refusal of the Ministers to put him upon his trial.

eceived by way of Odessa, that Ali Pacha, the enterprizing Vice Roy of Egypt, has declared himself independent of the Turkish government. The account was not believed at Paris, but it is said to have occasioned great consternation at Constantinople. The Vice Roy was to have furnished 10,000 troops for the war against the Greeks

Savings Banks—A subject very important to the trustees and managers of savings Banks, has arisen in the county of Lincolnshire, England.— The late treasurer of the institution at Bowen, (Mr. Thorpe,) having died insolvent, and having, at the time of his death, about £700 of the saving, (Mr. Thorpe,) having died insolvent, and having, at the time of his death, about £700 of the savings bank in his hands, the opinions of counsel have been taken as to the liability of the trustees to make good that seem to the depositors. Those opinions clearly are that not only the trustees, but all the managers of the institution are liable to opinions clearly are that not only the trustees, but all the managers of the institution, are liable to make good the deficiency: and each of the trustees and managers, has accordingly been called upon to sontribute 11% as his respective share of what the bank would otherwise lose by the late treasurer's insolvency.

A letter from an officer on board the U. S. brig Spark, dated off Alvarado, 2d uff. says:—
"We have been beating off and on this port for some days past—last from Campeachy. I have not been on shore, it being but a small place, and offering few inducements in the way of curi-osity or society.—With the appearance of Camand offering few inducements in the way of curiosity or society.—With the appearance of Campeachy I was much pleased—our brig lay about 1.5 miles from the fown, on account of the depth of water; but I availed myzelf of an opportunity, and went up to the city on a visit, in the U. S. schr. Weazel. It is a walled town, and is said to contain about 30,000 inhabitants, but at present most of this number have decamped, on account of some difficulties which have lately arisen between Campeachy and the Providence of Yucatan a from wheree an army is said to be marching to queli the disturbance. But the wise and proudent map of Campeachy, having displayed their spirit is rebellion, have taken thomasters to a safe distance.

the people.

We are bound from this to valuable probably remain cruizing upon the some time longer. I abould like very man apportunity of visiting the great city but have not the least expectation of d. This goes by the way of Havana."

The Annual Meeting of the Young Men's Domestic Missionary Society will be held on Monday evening the 10th inst. at half past seven n'clock, in the 7th Presbyterian Church, Ranstead's Court; when the Annual Report will be read, and several ddresses made, sfier which a collection will be taken up in aid of the funds of the Society. Several appropriate pieces of music will be performed.

Marine Intelligence.

ARRIVALS,

"May 2. Ships Phenjiz, MrKibbon. 118 days from Cortent
Frus, Carsis, Re.; Postis, Siliman, 34 days from Liverpool
folt and Dry Gonde; Ettle Cherub, Sauudec, 42 days froleftest-Sait and Dry Gonde; Resper, Fedrick, 36 days from
hagem—Fortic, Re.; Privates, Eyle, 14 days from New
foltonies—Fortic, Re.; Frientes, Eyle, 14 days from New
foltonies—Gonde, Tolkers, Re.; Www. Kelly, 4 days from hadde
helie—Heandy, Re.; George, Hupkins, 18 days from Mobile

on and Staves.

Brys. Sarah, Morrel, from Ma'aga. Wine, Re.; Ruth, ... 38 days from Borteaux.—Bracdy and Dry Gonde; Sehrsten, Pry. 28 days from Democrans-ofloisuses and Sugar-ga, Noyes, 17 days from Perro Calebia.—C free; Herman, Ruth, 33 days from Rio Janeiro-Coffee, Light, &c.

Ship Orleans, Grover, 12 days from New Organs-Cof-Re.; Sehr. Menter, McKey, 22 days from Kingston, Ro.; Sehr. Menter, McKewen, 22 days from Kingston,

CLEARED, Barbadoes;

cenice, Petersburg.

4. Brigs Trison, Jones, Buenos Ayres; Com. Porter, Shunk and, St. Thomas; schr. Pegame, Stoneman, Aux Cayres 5th. Brig Columbia. Singer, St. Thomas; chs. Behrs. Mecdonough. Copeland, St. Thomas; Oliveranch, Cheuntt, St. Johns, (N. B.); Jane, Round, Port at

the 8th ult. by the Rev. Dr. Sargunt, the Rev. JOH., of Bellville, New-Jossey, to Miss PHARTEMA RO. of Philadelphia.

of this sity.

On Touclay evening, the 4th Inst. by the Rev. E. S. Ely,
the Rev. JOHN PEEBLES, of Shippenshing: Pa. to Man.

NR 1A, dangher of W. B. Douffleth, M. D. of this city.

On the 1st Instant, by the Rev. Mr. Kines and, Mr. JOHN

B DAYIS, to Miss EVDIA HAZZ AND.

On Sunday, the 2d instant, by the Rev. Dr. Demma, JOSEPH T. ALTEMUS, of the city, to SUSANKA HAM
MANN of the Northern Libertie.

On. Thursday, the 28th sife, by the Rev. P. F. Mayer, Dr.

Co. Thursday, the 28th sife, by the Rev. P. F. Mayer, Dr.

MANN of the Northern Jäherties.
On Thursday, the Etth ult. by the Rev. P. F. Mayer. Dr.
PHILIP WALLERS, to Miss RACHEL SELLERS, all of

HILLS WALLERS, to says FACTEL SELECT, an es doutgonery county Pa. At Norristown, Montgothery county, on the 20th uit. Mr. TC 10R VALUE of Mautta, Philadelphra county, to Mise NN LANK, daughter of Mr. Jeve Bean, of the focuer places

DIED.

On Wednesday morning, aged 2s, after an illness of four ys, Mrs. CATHARINE, wife of John G. Rosenbaum, and uighter of the late Abraham Schrach On Thursday afternoon, Miss LYDIA WEATHERLY, in

lays, Mrs.

On Thursday afternoon, Miss LYDIA WEATHERLY, in the 19th year of her age.

On the 3d instant, Mrs. M. J. MANIGAULT, redict of Gabiled Manigault, Keq. formerly of Charkeston. S. C.

On Tuesday evening, the 4th inst. after a short idlass. WILLIAM L. TUNNER.

On the afternoon of the 4th inst in the 34th year of his age, Mrs. SOPNIA BUZZEI, wife of Mr. Daniel Buzzei.

On Monday marring, the 3d instant, Mrs. ELIZABETH PARRAN, in the 3d year of he rage.

On Sunday marring, the 2d instant, Mrs. JOHN MCKENZIE, On Sunday marring, the 2d instant, Mrs. JOHN MCKENZIE, On Sunday marring, the 2d instant.

PARRAN, in the 23d year of in rage.
On Sunday morning, the 2d instant, Mr. JOHN McKENZIE, in the 33d year of his age.
On Monday afternoon, the 4th instant, after a short but severe filness, which she hore with chern, 0 forticude, Mrs. ANN SMITH, wife of Wm. E. Smith, in the 21st year of her age, On Sunday afternoon, the 3d instant, THOMAS PASS-MORE Eag, late Auctioners, of this city.
On Saturday evening, the 1st linstant, Mrs. JOHN WEAVER, in the 29th year of his age.
On Sunday morning, the 2d instant Mrs. MARY WAKE-POBD, wishow of the late Thou. Wakeford, aged 48 years.
On Friday, the 30th wit. Mr. NATHANIEL PARKER, in the 76th year of his age.
On Tuesday morning, the 4th instant, after a lingering illness, Mr. JOHN CRAIGE, in the 61d year of his age.
On Tuesday morning, the 4th instant, HANNAH BEW-LEY, in the 72d year of her age.

Deaths during the past week.

Philadelphia, 49 21 TOTAL. 49 52 7 In New-York, 38

The deaths in this city last week were 70 ong which were, 10 by consumption, 8 ty us fever, and 8 small pox. In New-York, there were 11 deaths by Small Pox! and 15 by consumption.

A. S. VAN PELT, Dentist, has removed from No. 1st Chesnut to No. 1st N. 4th st, a few deors above Callowhill where he respectfully offers his professional services.



J. B. Wood, 42 Spruce, Near the Draw bridge, Philadelphia, Hanufactures & keeps for sale, Fabrard French & Theory of the State of all descriptions, Cutting Bexes may be had as above, and all orders supplied at a short sotice.

"By Section of the State of the Sta

BAKER'S Exchange and Intelligence Office,

FRANKLIN COURT.
Market, between Third and Fourth Streets.

PROCURES Houses and parts, Boarders, Partners, Clerks Housekeepers, Joanneyman, Apprentices, Bound Children, Bonnesties, WET, VIRSES, &c. 1908 SALE, a Black Giri, Il years old and 17 to servedo, 11 and 7-do, 10 and 18-do, 16 and 5-do, 8 and 48, from the country-a Black Ey 10 and 8-do, 17 & 14-do, 14 & 7. TO BIND, a number of white, and coloured Boys and Girls of different ages, PROPERTY to self or Let, entered grafts, Families provided with Dangethis, with good recommendations.

FOR SALE.

A GOOD second hand GIG and HARNESS. Apply to Mr. PRODUCTAST, sign of the Barity aheat. North Second street, below Vine; or at 49, Sorth Third street, Bhiladelphas.

AN APPRENTICE
To the CARPENTERING business wanted; one between stateen and seventeen, and from the country, would be preferred. Inquire at this Offlice. opid 24.-41

NAUTICAL & MATHEMATICAL ACADEMY,

No. 295 South Pront-street, six doors below South. THOMAS ARNOLD, respectfully informs his friends and the citizens of Philadelpha, that he teaches the following branches of Education, to pupils of the age of twelve years and upwards, vir. Mensuration, Surveying, Gauging, Mayigation, and Lunar Observations, Surveying, Gauging, Mayigation, and Lunar Observations, and Book-keeping. Rading, Weiting and Arithmetic.

Exch Quarter's Tuition will consist of twelve weeks in consequence of which, no charge will be made for the summer vacation.

"Gauging will be taught both in theory and practice, by the Quarter, or One Dollar per Lesson. Guaging instruments and a cask are provided for the purpose.

AN EVENING 3CHOOL Taught at the same viace during the Winter Season.

JUST PUBLISHED,

A ND for sale by JAMES & WOODWARD. No. 75 north
A Third street, a Selection from Walker's Proteomoling
Dictionary, is which all those words subject to an iscorrect pronogimino are he ought directly into view; with
Original News, designaring those which are acknowledged
to be exceptions. By LEMUEL G. WHITE. Froferent of
march 27-cf

SILVER SPOONS, &c.

THE hobseribers have constantly flux sale a handsome asnorthment of biver Table. Descrit, Tes, Salt and Mustard
Spoons. Also, a variety of Silver Supar i oner, Silver Retainle
Classo, See See, all of which will be warranted of the best
quality and vortemnol is, and solt very low.

"" The highest press allowed for Silver, in exchange.

Crowley & Fafry.

See, 100 Market street, between Third oud Fourth.

PACKAGE net packages of Bomestic fit

COMLY & TEVIS.

TO COUNTRY MERCHAI THE Robertiber having made large addition mer stock, offers for sale an extensive of

HARDWARE AND CO

WILLIAM DUNCAR,

Dr. Mellen's Cough Drops, The most valuable Medicine ever prep COUGHS AND CONSUMP TON THIS new and beating Jalasm bets fair to Addition larrisfor discovered, for contain plaints of the unps, leading to Consumption, and o

BALM OF COLUMBIA,

THE Lodies and Gentlemen of this cay and elsewhere, are respectfully influenced, that John Oidridge has fertunately discovered, by the power of Chemistry, the graddesideratum of mevesting Hauffront falling off, in Forty-Eight Hours from its at application. This Bolm, will, most absolutely, in the gree of a short time, make the Hair grow Haithy and ick, and also restores it again if the partie zerally bold a cwise makes whiskers and beards graw rapidly. It also test Dandroff, the partie zerally bold a crestine Dandroff, and also have present its ability to

is makes whiskers and heards grow reports
the Dandroff,
as proved its ability to rectore a full head of full on
who were baid at 20 years of age, is the short time of 13
ts. On those who were older it was longer in effecting
hang, in proportion to age. Any person under force
that this Baim will restore a covering of bair if it ba
airly used. The young hair always appears on the pare
was bold in the course of twenty-one days. Though the
on who uses it be ever usedd, by applying it occasion ollar per bottle, half a bottle fifty cents, by. JOHN OLDRIDGY, No. 85 1-2, South Front street, and No. 11, North Fourth treet. Philadelphia; where Certificates may be seen. Tela-

street. Philadelphia; where Cereificates may be seen, Iet also sold at Mrs. THATCHER's, No. 447 Pesti street New-York,

A. COX, JUN.



scented in the city of N. York, in January of the year 150s.

A. COX, Jr. TAILOR & CLOTHES DRESSER, No. 160, hearn it, (directly opposite the Past Olice, 2) respectedly forus his Friends and the Gitizens of Philadelphia, that has opened a Coat Drasing Extablishment that above and, where he continues the Dressing of Coats, Pastracous, &c. Gentlemen can be accommodated in the above and, where he continues the Dressing of Coats, Pastracous, &c. Pastracous, &c.

TOOTH ACHE

Cured Institutemently and outthest Pain, even where all the known applications have faited to afford reliaf.

S. MILFORD, Dentils, from London,
A SSURES those who may be dispined to try his runnely,
to chew with the will make a perfect cure, and each his runnely,
to chew with the treth that were affected, even though the
complaint had been aggrazated by had recurred. In less
than forty-eight hours after the pain it returned. In less
than forty-eight hours after the pain accord, hir. M. can
plug the tooch with the greatest case to they arrient. Black
and yellow teeth cleaned and brought to the parient. Black
and yellow teeth cleaned and brought to the parient. Black
and yellow teeth cleaned and brought to the original colour,
and prevented from dec aving, if it has commenced. He also
acquet parts. Artificial Teeth nearly faced and stumps and
Teach extracted.

separates and makes the truth even, and takes away the decayed parts. Artificial Teeth neatly fixed and Stumps and Teeth extracted.

MILEORD'S TOOTH POWDER. This highly approved and valuable Powder, is excelled by none in use; it not only gives the Teeth an elegant polish but preserves and bardens the gums.—Price 25 cents.

Milford's ANDINE DROP'S, for the cure of Tooth Ackerics of Scotnst. OTIONS, for the cure of Scotnic Gunus and to fasten the teeth, and restore the field when loss—Price 35 cents. These medicines are warranted efficacions and at the same time inancent; for sale by S. MILFORD.

No. 103, South Fifth, near Sprace-street.

OCT. 4-fin

American Monthly Magazine FOR MAY, 1824—No. 5, Will be published on Monday next, by JOB PALMER, No. 38 Cheanut street.

VII.L he published on Monday neat, by JOB PALMER, Mo. 38 Cheanut street.
CONTENTS.

Rational Sonra and Melodies; An Essay on Education; Practic of an Old Find to the Young; Tales in the West No. 1; On the Rise and Evelension of Literary Taste; Practic of the Content of the Content of C

AN OATH. AN OATH.

by you, said Jane, the other day,

ove me, in carnest, as you say?

r are those tender words applied

like, to fifty girls beside?

best; eruel girl, cried I, forbear,

be by those eyes, those lips, I swear.

he stop'd me, as the oath I took,

and cried, you've sworn, now him the Book.

Estrars.—On a stone cutter, who, when at an abouse, commonly made use of the expression at will take half a mug to start upon." Here lies the body and the bones, Of Jonny Brown, who made grave stones; And just before his breath was gone, Took half a mug to start upon.

*PFGRAM Jane to her spouse could not heatow Une rxan of sorrow when he died; His life had made so many flow, That all the briny fount was dried.

Philadelphia, 4th May, 1824.
Mrisss. Entrans, I send you the following turns to his question, which appeared in the turnsy Evening Post of the 1st inst.

Lam gentlenium, Tour's, &c. All such as wish K's, age to know, May find from symbols pfie'd below, That he, when wed, was twenty-seven; His comport too, five and eleven.

SOLUTION. As 7 1-9; 12: x 27x 16

From which the product of the Extremes be-ing equal to that of the means, we have this Equa-tion, viz:

-+258=12x+324 Or, 129x + 2064=96x + 2592 Or, 33x + 2064 2592 528 x = -16 her age And consequently his=27 10

A milution of the Enigmatical List of States, Districts, and Territories, that appeared in the Saturday Evening Post of April 17th. = 1. North Car-clin-a.

Mary land.

Penn-syl-[ph]-vani-[ty]-a. New J-[k]-ersey. New Yor-[ic]-k.

Ver-[tex]-Mont-[gomery.]

Connect leut.
Rhode [u] Island.
New damp [ur] shire.
South Carolina.

Delaware.

Ken tuck-y. Mass a chuse tts. Louisia-na.

Intan-a. Mich [ael]-i-gan [der].

14. Columbia [s].

Maine-[mast]

24. Mississip pi-(ca)
25. Illi-[berality | Noise
Chaler street, April 20th, 18.1.

These lines, from Byron's Don Juan, placed as they are, at the conclusion of one of the most pathetic descriptions of human sufferings which the genious of man ever pourtrayed, have been loudly and justly condemned. But the total want of feeling they were (to give a charitable con-struction) intended to hold up to ridicule, is some-times exhibited in real life. An anecdote may serve as an illustration.

Before the Connecticut schooners were forbid-den the liberty of carrying corn brooms, onions and poultry to the West Indies, one Joe Swain and positry to the West Indies, one Joe Swain resolved to go to sea; and accordingly proceeded to N. London, and shipped a green hand on heard the schr. Charging Anaey, for Barbadoes and a market. The whole of the family, father, mother, brothers and sisters, were concerned in an adven-ture of fowls committed to his charge. On the passage home, in a violent gale, Joe fell overhoard, and all attempts to save him were vain. The vesand all attempts to save him were vain. The vessel arrived at N. London, the father of the unformate sailor repaired to the seas-shore to meet his sam. The Charming Namey was rising at anchor, her colours streaming mournfully from half mast. He hailed her from the beach—"Halloo there is that the Charming Namey?"—"Aye, Aye, Siri is that the Charming Namey?"—"Aye, Aye, Siri is there one Joe Swain aboard there?" "No, he's drowned!" "Drowned!" Yes, drowned, I tell you." "Fowls drowned too?"

CHEAP SHOE STORE,

A TOUCH OF THE SUBLIME. And there I'll coin the weather;
I'll wrench the rainbow from the skies, And the both ends together!

" I'll mount the clear Cerulean, To shin the tempting gipsies!
I'll play at bowls with the sun and moon, And fright ye with eclipses."

This brilliant effusion, reminds us of another ascribed to the celebrated Nat. Lee, author of Alexander the Great. This poet was so extreme-ly eccentric, that it was once found necessary to ly eccentric, that it was once found necessary to restrain him by means of a strait waistoost. Whilst is this predicament, a gentleman of unusually wairrhy complexion happened to pay a visit to his cell, upon which Nat, who instantly conceined a terrible aversion to the intruder, burst out into the following rhapsody: "Get thee gone, thou tawny son of Palestine, or I will pulverize thy hody and stress the atoms into the immensity of space, so that Omniscience shall not be able to find thee out, nor Omnipotence to put thee together."

The colebrated Mrs. Montague was in habits of intimacy with the first with and scholars of the age, and was the reputed founder of the Society known by the name of the (Loudor) Blue Stocking Clab. This association was formed on the liberal and meritosious principle of substituting the deligities of conversation, for the absurd and vapid frivolities of the card table. No particular attention was paid to her, but the conversation was remoral, otherful, and unrestrained, far different from what is insinusted respecting the company by a satisfat, who accuses them of going "To barder praise for soup with Mantague." The name this clab is said to be derived from the following decemberates to One of their most distinguished characters, in this early days of the hoosesty, was the Utility close, who always a use the The celebrated Mrs. Montague was in habits of

It well know that Dr. Franklin was for many colliged to wear spectacles suited to the claim of his eyes. In passing through one of the growded streets of London, the Dr. happenment who was tottering along under whom was tottering along under whom was tottering along under which was tottering under which was tot the flowded streets of London, the Dr. happen-ed to jostle a porter who was tottering along un-der a heavy burden, at the rate of sixpence a mile. The porter feeling the shock, immediately turn-ed round, and perceiving the Doctor, exclaimed with much resentment, "Dama your spectacles."
"Thank you honest friend" replied the Doctor, "this is not the first time my spectacles have sav-ed my eyes." ed my eyes.

EXPERIMENTAL CHEMISTRY.

M. Fouelle the most eminent French Chemist, was not the most cautious of operators. He observed to his auditors, "Gentlemen, you see this cauldron upon this brasier; well, if I were to case stirring a single moment, an explosion would ensue, that would blow us all into the air!" The company had hardly time to reflect on this unconfortable piece of intelligence before he did forget to stir; and his prediction was accomplished! All the windows of the laboratory were sinushed to pieces, and two hundred spectator whirled away into the garden. Fortunately many serious injuty was received by any one, the great-est violence of the explosion basing been in the direction of the chimney. The demonstrator was quiet with the loss of his wig only.

Homs Pocks.—A sailor who had just returned from a long voyage, went with a friend to witness some cur'ous performances by a conjuror, who had scarcely begun to surprise his spectators when a barrel of gunpowder in the shop beneath unexpectedly exploding, blew up the room above, and scattered the conjuror and his audience in different parts adjoining the spot. "Zounds!" exclaimed the astonished sailor, who suddenly found himself seated on the ground in a neighfound himself seated on the ground in a neigh-bor's garden, "I wonder what trick he means to play next."



FRUIT TREES. FRUIT TREES.

Dig about their roots, scrape off the rough bark, and cover the trunks with white-wash, to destroy eggs which may be deposited in the bark by insects, especially near the top of the ground. Near the end of April is the time for transplanting, grafting, and pruning them. The wounds made by pruning will heel much better, than if made during the hard frosts of winter, and while there is no activity in the same. Let the limb he assumed is no activity in the sap. Let the limb be sawn off close to the body of the tree, and the wand be smoothed over with a knife, and covered with a composition of a pint of tar and a piece of bres-war as big as a walnut, into which, when boiling hot, a gill of red others stirred. Always cut off those pright sprouts, or suckers, which take away th pright sprints, or account of the prints bearing branch our shorest from the natural fruit-bearing branch s. If you would force a limb to bear, cut round with your kinds, inst. before it is ready to bloses. If you would force a limb to bear, cut round it with your knofe, just before it is ready to blos-som, cutting torong h the outer and inner bark, but not injuring the wood; then a quarter of an inch distant, entercie the limb in the same manner, and that out the bank between. The fruit on the limb thus operated on, will be earlier, and fairer, and larger, than on the other limbs; and the reason is, that, as the sap ascends in the word and descend-in the back, it is made to stay in the limb to nour ish and support it. In a year, the incision will be find support it. ish and support it. In a year the incision will be filled, and the tree will not be injured. Give your attention now, if you would, by and by, have your tables loaded with pears, peaches, plumbs, cher-ries, &c. Set out sugar maple trees also for shades

CHEAP MANURE.

ELLIS, No. 128 Germantown Road, near Photo: manufactures Boses, Oyster Shells, an aster of Paris. These Manures have been used at found excellent. The bone, particularly, is the

YOUNG LADIES SEMINARY.

No. 63 UNION STREET, near Third.

M. and Mrs. COAD respectfully inform Forents and Goordians, that they have limited their Young Lagrangian to thirty popule; five more can be re-elevable to their young lagrangian to their young lagrangian to their young lagrangian to their young conflict the number. In it are taught, Reading, Writtinierte, Regigla Girammun, Georgiaphy, the Use of dates and Mayo, Book keeping, History, both ancient mode, in Kee, with every kind of useful and fish onable ework. Pupils have the use of Mass, Globes, and new in the apartment without any extra charge. No et on tultion during vacation.

No. 988. Market Recet, fifth door below 8th street, Pli-ladeaphia. The Subscrider offers his present Stock of SIONS and ROOTS, at the following very low prices,

SHOR'S and ROOTS, at the following very low praces, very consistency of the process of the proce

Philadelphia Intelligence Office,

Philadelphia Intelligence Office,

Av. 7, North Sixth Street,

A FEW DOMS ABOVE MARKET STREET,

PROCURES Houses and purt, Boarders, Clerk, Houseconcluse, Waters, Labouarra, Sansatresse, Farming-men,
Grouns, Cooke and House Servants of every description,—
Also, Wet Masses. To find, White and Colored Boys and
Girls, of different ages, Property to sell or let emered gratis.

The above establishment teles on the patronage of the public, and particular if outhose in the habit of configura person,
whose notice of the same is respectfully objected; and the
proprieter will endeavour, aided by their patronage, to condoor in such a masser as to give influenced and uniportic—
Persons of every description, having good recommendations
on references, will find every famility in applying themerica with inhabitors.

A SITUATION WANTED,

BY a person whet has not been regularly brought us as a Cliert, but had a general consistences of contents, and writing a telescope loud, matche with a capacity with a format wastering under A majeture comparation, which is expelled; a line substantial to the matches are the contents of the factors, when the capacity of the factors, when the capacity is line substantial to the rate of the factors. The present present is to make the at the office of the factors, when is a consistency of the factors.

A GENERAL REGISTER BICHARD STARR's Type Fo

BENJAMIN DAFFIN, Rasor Manufacturer and Cutler No. 48 North Third street, a few doors below Arch, Cutlery repaired in the best manner, fire arms cleased. Folished, &c. B. D. keeps constantly on hand a excellent assortment of Goods, which he warrants for use.

JAMES & WOOD'VARD, at their Book Store, No. 7 6. Third st. execute all orders for Book-binding and Coppet late Frinting. They also branufacture first quality Water JOSEPH BINNEY, No. 38 South Fifth street, Taylor, Tinnan and Weavers' Shears Manufacturer. Also, Turkey Stone Cetter and Cutler. Old work repaired, created, ground, &c.

PAPER NEATLY HUNG, at the shortest notice and owners terms, by J. HOWELL & Co. No. 70 North Fifth

PHILADELPHIA INTELLIGENCE OFFICE, No. JOHN SIMMONS's low priced Book and Stationary Stor-freedating Library, and General Intelligence-Office, at the W corner 3d & Tammany street. A few Boarders taken

DAVID CLARK, Hook Binder and Paper Ruler, No. 37: darket st. 3d story-Blank Books ruled to any pattern, and

ISAAC STUTTGARD, No. 7 1-2 South Second street keeps constantly on hand, a general assortment of CHEAF FANCY DRY GOODS,—9 DAVIS & HANSON, Auctioneurs and Cohants, Front street, Pittsburgh.

J. C. BOYD, Rush township, Northumberland county, Pa-near Danville. Manufacturer of Flour and Whiskey, drive poir of Burrs in Metchant and Country work, at all period

CT A large collection of Canary, Mocking & Red BIRDS for sale at No. 173 Cherry et. the 1st house above Eight st. Also, a large collection of Fancy Pidgeons.—4

Doctor EDWIN A. A FLEE, has removed from No. 176 Race street to No. 101 North Seventh street, a few doors

AT DAVID LUKENS's SCHOOL, Ancecas, N. J. a num per of boys can be well accommodated with Board and Faition, on reasonable terms.—6*

JAMES CALDWELL, Sait Fish Dealer, constantly keep a general assortment at No. 7 Strawberry st, 5 doors below Market at. He has lost his eye sight, and would be thank ful to those who would favour him with their custom.—5

JOHN McLOUD, Hatter, No. 46 Market street, keep instantly on hand, a large and general associment. JOHN HEAZLITT & ANDREW WILLIAMS, Silk Cotton and Woollen Dyers & Scourers, in all branches, at No. 6 Pruse street, occupied formerly by R. Greer,—4°

B. WILLIAMS, Dentist, No. 172 Vine above 8th st, p forms all operations on the teeth on moderate terms, and all cases of decay gives information and advice gratis —3* GEORGE ALLCHIN, Backgammon and Chess Board lanufactory, No. 163 Vine street, -3

CHARLES P. LISLE, N. 7 North Sixth st. Land Agent roker & Conveyancer-dso, Discounts promissory Notes. DAVID LAKE, jun. No. 163 North Third, near Vine at naturfactures Fancy & Windsor Chairs of the latest fashions. Orders left at No. 30 North Fourth st. will be attended to. BENJAMIN RICHARDSON, File manufacturer & Cutler to, 77 S. Second st. Cutlery, of every description, ground olished and repaired in the best manner, at short notice.

J. L. FREDERICK, Engraver, No. 83 South Fourth a there may be had Musical Instruments of various descri-tions, and Music for every department of the science.—128 GEORGE ALLCHIN, Book-Binder, and Gilder on the dges of Books, Letter & Fi hagter Paper, No. 103 Vine st.

TOOTH BRUSH MANUFACTORY, No. 119 North Third t. shove Race. ANDREW MOORE keeps for sale, on rea-onable terms, Brushes of every quality.

JOHN PATTERSON, Fancy Chair maker, (formerly he firm of Lentner & Patterson,) continues the business New Fourth street, 1st brick house above Poplar lane.

SAMUEL HAINES, No. 118 North Second street, mar ectures Hats of the best quality, and at reduced prices,

KREYMBORG & HAGEDORN, No. 95 South Sec. Locu for sale an extensive assortment of Clarified Qu

FANCY DYFING an SCOURING, at a reduced price S. WILLIAMSON, No. 38 North Eighth street.

PENNSYLVANIA CIRCULATING LIBRARY, No. 24

P. C. WILMAR III, has removed to No. 254 Market stress above 7th; where he manufactures and keeps on band a gueral assortment of Water Proof Cotton HATS.



NEW ROUTE. Columbian Line for New-York. Fare through only four dollars

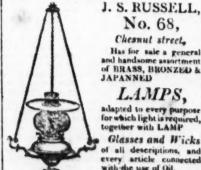
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ONLY at miles land Carriage—early super side of MarO's bock, via Bornestown and Washien, in connection with
steam boat Penessylvania, Captain Kellum, and tream boat
Aftins. Captain Reliams, through in 11 hours. Breakfast
and thase on board the boats.
The proprietors have spared neisher pains nor expense in
getting up this line. The coaches and horses are not excelled by any tirtle Captain States. They therefore hope to
treceive a thereal share of public patronage.

N and to the very state of public patronage.

JOHN HOWMAN, Jr. Agent.

s seats apply at the old established Office, No. 13 Marstreet.



of all descriptions, and every article connected with the use of Oil. nov 1-tf

Hinois Military Bounty Lands.

This hobscriber has made arrangements, and has entered into agreement with Measrs. Weaver and withholm, fand Agosts, No. 18. Walnut, near Fifth street, Philadelphia, where persons holding such limit can, through them, not their taxes; they also attend to the recording of dech, and the redeeming of lands that have been sold for taxes; and the have in their office, a convext tax into of lands, smill induced the redeeming of lands that have been sold for taxes; which have in their office, a convext tax into of lands, smill induced the states of lands that have been sold for taxes, and is street, as the same of the sold for taxes, will be streeten the sold for taxes, will be streeten the subscriber also office his services in collecting of circumstances guarvairy, promocify and correctly attended to. Orders and housen left with Resears, weaver is Wiltholm, will meet with immediate attention.

SAMURE AMPTIL Land Agost.

Resharking Hinsis, Jon. 3, 1866

Reference—Morrer, Wichbare & Co. Theory Proceeds. Illinois Military Bounty Lands.

UNION CANAL LOTTERY.

- 2	CHEME.				
Prize of	\$3000	is	83000		
do	870	in	4550		
do	50	in .	54 0		
do	* S0	is	3240		
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do	5	às	813770		
3084 Prizes.					
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7980 Tickets at \$5. \$31920 Tickets and Shares for sale at FORTUNE'S HOME,

P. CANFIELD'S ennsylvania State Lottery Office, No. 127, Chemustreet Nearly apposite and between the Post Office and Unite States Back. may 1—2t

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108	do	50	is	5400
168	do	30	is	3240
168	do	20	is	2160
2754	do	5	is	13770
	Prizes.			831920

7980 Tickets at \$5. Tickets and Shares for sale at **£**31920

GIBBS' LUCKY OFFICE, No. 41 SOUTH THIRD STREET.

FISHING TIME

FISHING TIME
IS arrived, and the famp tribe is now the lamful speid of roan.
The labours of the spede, the loom and the shuttle—the toils of the merchant and the perils of the seaman—and all she immediate links of hosy occupations, are exercised to obtain the size que non of happiness—money. But, also! with what difficulties are they heard—what disappointments—what disasters crowd upon them? Crops fail, or mildew—the protest of manufactures are swallowed up in the delay of dull demand—cargoes perish—and seamen escape the grape of Davy Jones with scarce a fatter to their backs; and thus is the labour of years rewarded. But the happy fisherman, who makes a product choice, in exempted from this miscery—he is suff—the is prosperous. The season is at hand. Then bet the deponding seek case and comptet toste in the waters of facture. Those most righty fraught flow in the Union Canal. Then the galden progray sport in viery gambols, and secent acry, "Come

UNION CANAL LOTTERY, ELEVENTH CLASS-NEW SERIES,

				n 1	F 500	Cli	15 2	nciude	d:	
1	in	valu	10				8	3000 i		\$3000
5								870		4350
108								50		5400
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2754								5		13780
3900										\$31,920
But	to.	ercu:	re si	icee	m, 1	mit	s mail	st be th	rown to	theta of a pe-

P. J. DECKER'S

Lottery and Exchange Office, N. W. corner of Third and Cheanut streets, Who has on hand a choice selection of baits, * pick'd and thesen every one, "say of which may be obtained in FIVE OULL ME, either a boic, or divided into halven, quarters or righths, at the same rate.

SULLIVAN HILL, Millreright, MAYLANDSVIIJLE, Baltimore Road, one mile and a for information apply to JACOB MAYLAND, Philadelphi PETER HORSON, Reaborough, Philad, County.

INDIAN INFIRMARY,

INDIAN INFIRMARY,

No 70 North Fifth street, Philadelphia.

PR. SMITH, son of the Old Indian Physician, late of Baltimore, begic leave to assure the publis, that he feels a high sense of gratitude for the liberal parronage he has met with, in his practice, in many of the cities throughout the United States, as an Indian Physician. In particular Baltimore, his last readence, he can traly, and with heart-felt satisfaction, use the words of Holy Writ: that with the assistance of Almighty God. he has been the instro-ment of opening the eyes of many who were entirely blind, of unstopping the dead car, enabling the laws to walk, and bestowing to the sick and inform universal relief and consolition from their sufferings.

If the Healing Art, is the result of being born and raised among the Sons of the Forest, from whom he was taught to unfold the Back of Nature, and peruse its instructive pages; by which he has been enabled to select and prepare medicites, from the boson of our Mother-carth, who is ever pregnant with places of her town fostering, to cure all diseases, which are curable in their nature and state.

Dr. Smith, from his intimate association and early study with the indian habits, manners and practices, is well acquainted with the languages spoken by the Six Nations, which has enabled him to pursue his researches with every advanting and success, at his practice and numerous testimonials will abandantly prove.

The Indian Physician has engaged an assistant, which will enable him to devote unremitting attention to those patients who may Isla lunder his care.

The Endian Physician has engaged an assistant, which will enable him to devote unremitting attention to those patients who may Isla lunder his care.

The Endian Physician has engaged an assistant, which will enable him to devote unremitting attention to those patients who may lall under his care.

Infirmary, in the mooning, between sun-rise and eight of clock, and they will be headed gates. After which time, until evening, all other persons will be waited upon; from whom a rea-smaller remuneration will be expected upon receiving counsel and the delivery of medicines. Convenient apartments will be prepared for private and confidential consultations.

N. B. Dr. Smith will constantly keep a supply of Medicines for the cure of most diseases, carefully prepared by himself, with proper directions, at his residence, No. 70 North Fifth street, Philadelphia.

Just Published and for Sale by ISAAC PUGH, S. E. CORNER OF RACE & THIRD STREETS SALVATION BY CHRIST.

FIVO which is added, Remarks upon the Nature of Sal.

1 vation by Christ, shewing that it is a Birth of Divine
Life in Man, BT JOB SCOFT.

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404 Hanging "aper, a handsome assortment for Rooms, Rc.
405 And a general assortment of behand Books and Stationary, at very reduced prices.

607 Cabil given for Rags.

408 Sprinting Sprinting

The Chancery of New-Jersey.

Between Margaret Brown, complainant. On Bill, &c.
Peter Graham, William Wallace Cook,
and William Miller defendants.

T appearing to the Court, that provess of subports to uppera, &c., that is the labor named defendants,
and that the said Peter Graham. William Wallace Cook, and
William Miller dear court closed though appearance to be entered.

A a according to the rules of this Court the came ought to
have been entered, in case tuch provers had been duly served;
and it also appearance, by affidavit, to the satisfaction of the
Gancelor, thet the said Peter Graham. William Wallace
Cook, and William Miller, excise out of this state, and in the
state of Pennsystvania, upon appeaing the matter this toys to
the Court, by Sammed J. Rend, Societor of the Complaints in
the Chancelor dath owner and divert the mid Peter Graham,
William Wallace Cook, and William Miller, to appear, plead,
answer, or demar, to the complainart's hill often the
taken as conducted against him or them on his ing to appear,
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